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Interim consolidated financial statements

30 June 2017

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GENERAL INFORMATION

THE BANK

Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is a commercial joint stock bank incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

The Bank was established and operates in accordance with Decision No. 47/QD-UB issued by the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City on 11 February 1989 and Banking License No. 00019/NH-GP issued by the State Bank of Vietnam ("the SBV") on 6 June 1992.

The Bank's principal activities are to provide banking services including mobilizing and receiving short, medium and long-term deposits from organisations and individuals; making short, medium and long-term loans to organisations and individuals based on the nature and capability of the Bank's capital resources; conducting foreign currency transactions; providing international trade finance services, discounting of commercial notes, bonds and valuable papers; providing settlement services and other banking services as allowed by the SBV.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors of the Bank during the period and as at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position	Date of appointment/ reappointment
Ms. Le Thi Bang Tam Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao Mr. Luu Duc Khanh Mr. Nguyen Thanh Do Mr. Nguyen Huu Dang Mr. Chu Viet Cuong Ms. Nguyen Thi Tam Mr. Lim Peng Khoon Mr. Ly Vinh Quang	Chairwoman Standing Vice Chairwoma Vice Chairman Vice Chairman Member Member Member Member Independent Member	Re-appointment on 21 April 2017 nRe-appointment on 21 April 2017 Re-appointment on 21 April 2017 Appointment on 21 April 2017 Re-appointment on 21 April 2017 Re-appointment on 21 April 2017 Re-appointment on 21 April 2017 Appointment on 21 April 2017

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISION

The members of the Board of Supervision of the Bank during the period and as at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position	Date of reappointment
Mr. Dao Duy Tuong	Chief Supervisor	Re-appointment on 21 April 2017
Ms. Nguyen Thi Phung	Member	Re-appointment on 21 April 2017
Ms. Nguyen Thi Tich	Member	Re-appointment on 21 April 2017

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

The members of the Board of Management, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accountant of the Bank during the period and as at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position	Date of appointment
Mr. Nguyen Huu Dang Ms. Nguyen Doan Duy Ai Mr. Pham Quoc Thanh Mr. Nguyen Minh Duc Mr. Le Thanh Tung Mr. Pham Thien Long Mr. Le Thanh Trung Mr. Tran Hoai Nam Mr. Tran Thai Hoa Mr. Pham Van Dau Ms. Ho Dang Hoang Quyen	General Director Deputy General Director Chief Financial Officer Chief Accountant	Appointment on 22 October 2010 Appointment on 15 August 2007 Appointment on 11 March 2013 Appointment on 30 December 2013 Appointment on 16 September 2009 Appointment on 5 April 2011 Appointment on 27 February 2012 Appointment on 27 May 2015 Appointment on 16 September 2009 Appointment on 7 July 2011

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 and at the date of this report is Mr. Nguyen Huu Dang, General Director.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Bank and its subsidiary is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Board of Management of Ho Chi Minh Development Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is pleased to present this report and the interim consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the sixmonth period ended 30 June 2017.

RESPONSIBILITY OF MANAGMENT IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The Board of Management of the Bank is responsible for the interim consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries and of the interim consolidated results of their operations and their interim consolidated cash flows for the period. In preparing these interim consolidated financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accound standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim consolidated financial statements;and
- prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Bank and its subsidiaries will countinue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim consolidated financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries and ensuring that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Bank and its subsidiaries and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board of Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The Board of Management of the Bank does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2017, the interim consolidated results of their operations and their interim consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, regulations stipulated by the State Bank of Vietnam and other statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements.



Mr. Nguyen Huu Dang General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

4 October 2017



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 28th Floor, Bitexco Financial Tower 2 Hai Trieu Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, S.R. of Vietnam Tel: +84 8 3824 5252 Fax: +84 8 3824 5250 ey.com

Reference: 60752693/19309533- HN

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: The Shareholders of Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Bank

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries, as prepared on 4 October 2017 and set out on pages 6 to 84 which comprise the interim consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2017, the interim consolidated income statement and the interim consolidated cash flows statement for the sixmonth period then ended and the notes thereto.

Management's responsibility

The Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Accounting System for Credit institutions, regulations stipulated by the State Bank of Vietnam and statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements, and for such internal control system as the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim consolidated financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim consolidated financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2017, and of the interim consolidated results of its operations and its interim consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Accounting System for Credit institutions, regulations stipulated by the State Bank of Vietnam and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements.

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2016 were audited by another firm which expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 31 March 2017. Moreover, the interim consolidated statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the six month period ended 30 June 2016 were also reviewed by this audit firm which expressed unmodified conclusion on those financial statements on 29 September 2016.

CÔNG TY TRÁCH NHIỆN HỦU HAN ERNST & YOUNG VIỆT NAM VIỆT NAM

Dang Phuong Ha Deputy General Director Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 2400-2013-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

4 October 2017

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at 30 June 2017

B02a/TCTD-HN

30 June 2017 31 December 2016

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	Notes	VND million	VND million
ASSETS			4 000 040
Cash and gold	6	1,361,279	1,636,010
Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	7	5,583,069	2,389,302
Placements with and loans to other credit institutions Placements with other credit institutions Loans to other credit institutions	8.1 8.2	22,723,038 20,324,082 2,398,956	18,580,047 15,971,314 2,608,733
Trading securities Trading securities Provision for trading securities	9	397,000 400,000 (3,000)	396,937 400,000 (3,063)
Loans and advances to customers Loans and advances to customers Provision for credit losses	11 13	95,875,982 96,945,442 (1,069,460)	81,303,975 82,224,372 (920,397)
Debt purchases Debt purchases Provision for credit losses of debt purchases	12	5,489 8,127 (2,638)	5,489 8,690 (3,201)
Investment securities Available-for-sale securities Held-to-maturity securities Provision for investment securities	14.1 14.2 14.4	32,459,476 25,016,638 8,508,655 (1,065,817)	34,261,091 24,267,353 11,020,813 (1,027,075)
Long-term investments Other long term investments Provision for long-term investments	15.1 15.2	372,427 485,658 (113,231)	384,406 495,945 (111,539)
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Cost	16.1	1,315,165 <i>487,161</i> 1,008,283 (521,122)	1,351,960 524,984 1,003,485 (478,501)
Accumulated depreciation Intangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation	16.2	828,004 1,000,122 (172,118)	826,976 987,948 (160,972)
Investment properties Cost Accumulate depreciation	17	58,444 58,649 (205)	88,381 88,765 (384)
Other assets Receivables Interest and fees receivable Deferred tax assets Other assets In which: Goodwill	18.1 18.2 25.2 18.3 5	9,376,969 4,868,298 3,019,485 17,311 1,506,902 36,496 (35,027)	9,896,674 5,290,387 3,113,887 17,311 1,510,547 <i>39,377</i> (35,458)
Provision for other assets	18.4	169,528,338	150,294,272
TOTAL ASSETS			

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2017

B02a/TCTD-HN

	Notes	30 June 2017 31 L VND million	December 2016 VND million
LIABILITIES			
Borrowings from the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam	19	153,157	177,635
Due to and borrowings from other credit	20	25,107,077	19,684,665
Institutions Due to other credit institutions Borrowings from other credit institutions	20.1 20.2	17,593,161 7,513,916	13,621,415 6,063,250
Due to customers	21	115,710,752	103,299,771
Derivatives and other financial liabilities	10	88,89 6	9,326
Other borrowed and entrusted funds	22	2,907,267	2,843,432
Valuable papers issued	23	11,353,000	11,027,014
Other liabilities Interest and fees payable Other payables TOTAL LIABILITIES	24.1 24.2	3,559,344 2,752,689 806,655 158,879,493	3,309,786 2,463,250 846,536 140,351,629
OWNERS' EQUITY			
Capital Charter capital Fund for capital expenditure Share premium Treasury shares	26.1 26.1	8,104,686 8,100,000 89 4,599 (2)	8,104,686 8,100,000 89 4,599 (2)
Foreign currency exchange differences		(4,010)	-
Reserves	26.1	463,362	465,280
Retained earnings	26.1	1,364,964	747,047
Non-controlling Interests	26.1	719,843	625,630
TOTAL OWNERS' EQUITY		10,648,845	9,942,643
TOTAL LIABILITES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		169,528,338	150,294,272

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2017

B02a/TCTD-HN

INTERIM OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

	Notes	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Credit guarantees		8,762	9,862
 Foreign exchange commitments Spot foreign exchange commi Spot foreign exchange commi Cross currency swap contract. 	tments – sell	42,532,862 2,990,506 2,062,100 37,480,256	35,669,948 2,942,536 1,288,271 31,439,141
Letters of credit		1,066,095	1,046,968
Other guarantees		3,020,805	2,592,745
Total	40	46,628,524	39,319,523
Prepared by:	Reviewed by:	S NGÂN HRNG S THƯƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẨ MÂN HRNG S THÙƠNG MẠI CỔ PHẨ HÀN H PHỐ THÀNH PHỐ HỒ CHÍ MINH S NGÂN HRNG NGÂN H NGÂN H NGÀN H NGÀN H NGÀN H NGÀN H NGÀN H NGÀN H NGÀN H	and and a
Ms. Ho Dang Hoang Quyen Chief Accountant	Mr. Pham Van Dau Chief Finance Officer		uyen Huu Dang I Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

4 October 2017

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017

B03a/TCTD-HN

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	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Interest and similar income Interest and similar expenses	28 29	6,989,689 (4,257,159)	5,192,798 (2,984,172)
Net interest and similar income		2,732,530	2,208,626
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expenses		93,639 (23,270)	79,422 (24,765)
Net fee and commission income	30	70,369	54,657
Net gain from foreign currencies and gold trading	31	90,294	102,272
Net gain from trading securities	32	4,469	
Net gain/(loss) from investment securities Other operating income Other operating expenses	33	158,270 115,444 (16,149)	
Net gain from other operating activities	34	99,295	20,304
Income from long term investments	35	43,594	3,475
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		3,198,821	2,301,255
Personnel expenses Depreciation and amortization charges Other operating expenses		(908,660) (55,278) (920,168)	(59,638)
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	36	(1,884,106)	(1,469,138)
Net operating profit before credit loss expenses Provision expense for credit losses	13	1,314,715 (433,647)	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX Current corporate income tax expense Deferred corporate income tax	25.1 25.2	881,068 (168,048)	
Corporate income tax expenses		(168,048)	(81,887)
PROFIT AFTER TAX		713,020	320,298
Attributable to: Common shareholders of the Bank Non-controlling interest	26.1	618,807 94,213	
Basic earnings per share (VND) Prepared by: When Reviewed by:	27	S NGÂN HÀNG NGÂN HÀNG NGÂN HÀNG NGÂN HÀNG NGÂN HÀNG PHÁT TRIỆN THÙƠNG MẠC Ô ĐIỆN NHÀN H PHỔ HỔ CHÍ MINH TP. HỒ CHÍ MINH	298
Mr. Ha Dang Haang Ouwan	Dau	Mr. No	uven Huu Dang

Ms. Ho Dang Hoang Quyen Chief Accountant

Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

4 October 2017

Mr. Pham Van Dau **Chief Finance Officer**

Mr. Nguyen Huu Dang General Director

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017

B04a/TCTD-HN

	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Interest and similar receipts Interest and similar payments Net fee and commission receipts		7,226,193 (3,970,687) 62,538	4,379,822 (2,810,078) 53,691
Net receipts from trading of securities, gold and foreign currencies Other income Recoveries from bad debts written-off previously	34	238,060 39,226 58,236	140,562 1,048 17,993
Payments to employees and other operating expenses Corporate income tax paid during the period	25	(1,827,136) (170,620)	(1,385,726) (134,861)
Net cash flows from operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		1,655,810	262,451
Changes in operating assets Decrease in due from and loans to other cred institutions Decrease/(increase) in securities Decrease/(increase) in derivatives and other financial assets Increase in loans to customers Utilization of provision to write-off loans to customers,		- 1,641,102 79,570 (14,720,507)	(64,919) (15,220,363)
securities and long-term investments Decrease in other assets		(244,146) 434,806	
Changes in operating liabilities Decrease in borrowings from the Government and the SBV		(24,478)	(2,266,558)
Increase in due to and borrowings from other credi institutions Increase in customer deposits Increase/(decrease) in other borrowed and entrusted		5,422,412 12,410,981 63,835	18,624,638
funds Increase in valuable papers issued (Decrease)/increase in other liabilities Use of bonus and welfare fund		325,986 (29,478 (2,808	6 1,148,000) 201,246) (534)
Net cash from operating activities		7,013,08	5 3,476,569
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of investment properties Payments for investments in other entities Proceeds from investments in other entities Dividends received from long-term investments	16	(18,473 1,620 42,740 10,28 16,76 52,95	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activitie	5		

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017

B04a/TCTD-HN

	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING Dividends paid	ACTIVITY 26.3		(809,987)
Cash used in financing activity			(809,987)
Net increase in cash for the perio	bd	7,066,037	2,646,778
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		22,605,359	14,069,062
Foreign exchange difference		(4,010)	4,528
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	37	29,667,386	16,720,368
Prepared by: W	Reviewed by	NGÂN HÀNG NGÂN HÀNG THƯơng Mặi Côphán Phát Triển Thành phố Hồ Chí Minh TP. Hồ Chí M	
Ms. Ho Dang Hoang Quyen	Mr. Pham Van Dau	Mr. Nguy	/en Huu Dang

Ms. Ho Dang Hoang Quyen Chief Accountant

Ho Chi Minh, Viet Nam

4 October 2017

Chief Finance Officer

General Director

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is a joint stock commercial bank incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

Establishment and Operations

The Bank was established under Decision No. 47/QD-UB issued by the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City on 11 February 1989 and Banking License No. 00019/NH-GP issued by the State Bank of Vietnam ("the SBV") on 6 June 1992.

The Bank's principal activities are to provide banking services including mobilizing and receiving short, medium and long-term deposits from organizations and individuals; making short, medium and long-term loans to organizations and individuals based on the nature and capability of the Bank's capital resources; conducting foreign currency transactions; providing international trade finance services, discounting of commercial notes, bonds and valuable papers; settlement services and other banking services as allowed by the SBV.

Charter capital

The charter capital of the Bank as at 30 June 2017 is VND8,100 million (as at 31 December 2016; VND8,100 million).

Operation network

The bank's Head Office is located at HD Tower,25 bis Nguyen Thi Minh Khai street, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City. As at 30 June 2017, the Bank had one (1) Head Office,one (1) representative office in the North, fifty two (52) branches, one hundred and seventy four (174) transaction offices located in cities and provinces throughout Vietnam.

Subsidiaries

As at 30 June 2017, the Bank had two (2) subsidiaries:

Subsidiary	Operating License No.	Nature of business	Ownership of the Bank
Ho Chi Minh City Development Commercial Joint Stock Bank Asset Management Company	3602376446 dated 13 September 2010 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Nai Province, sixthly (6) amended on 13 January 2015	Assets management	100%
HD SAISON Finance Co., Ltd ("HD SAISON"), previously known as Ho Chi Minh City Development Commercial Joint Stock Bank Finance Co., Ltd	0304990133 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment on 13 July 2007, tenthly (10) amended on 10 April 2015	Finance/ Banking	50%

The SBV issued Official Letter No. 9647/NHNN-TTGSNH dated 25 December 2014 to approve the Bank's proposed divestment of its 50% equity interest in HD SAISON and change the legal form of HD SAISON from one member limited liability company to limited liability company with two or more members. As at 30 June 2017 the Bank completed its divestment of 50% equity interest in HDFinance to investors.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Subsidiaries (continued)

The SBV issued Official Letter No. 2006 / NHNN-TTGSNH dated 31 March 2015 to prescribe directions related to the organization and operation of the HD SAISON. Accordingly, within three years from the effective date of the joint venture contract, the Bank has to take responsibility to manage HD SAISON Finance Co., Ltd as its subsidiary in accordance with current regulations.

Employees

The Bank's total number of employees as at 30 June 2017 was 12,671 (as at 31 December 2016: 11,102).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting standards and system

The interim consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting System applicable to Credit Institutions required under Decision No. 479/2004/QD-NHNN issued on 29 April 2004 and Circular No. 10/2014/TT-NHNN dated 20 March 2014 amending and supplementing Decision No. 479/2004/QD-NHNN, Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN dated 18 April 2007, Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN amending and supplementing a number of articles of financial reporting mechanism for credit institution required under Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN by the Governor of State Bank of Vietnam, Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 27 - Interim Financial Reporting and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 5).

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting principles, procedures and reporting practices generally accepted in Vietnam. Accordingly, the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet, the interim consolidated income statement, the interim consolidated cash flows statement and the notes to the interim consolidated financial statements and their utilization are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim consolidated financial position, results of interim consolidated operations and interim consolidated cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

Items or balances required by Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN dated 18 April 2007 and Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 issued by the SBV stipulating the financial statements reporting mechanism for credit institutions that are not shown in these interim consolidated financial statements indicate nil balance.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements comprise the interim financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the six-month period ended 30 June 2017. The interim financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent bank, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-company balances, income and expenses and unrealized gains or losses resulting from intra-company transactions are eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Bank obtains control.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not held by the Group and are presented separately in the interim consolidated income statement and within equity in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

2.3 Fiscal year

The Bank and its subsidiaries' fiscal year starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

The Bank and its subsidiaries' interim starts on 1 January and ends on 30 June.

2.4 Currency unit used in accounting

The Bank and its subsidiaries maintain records in Vietnam Dong ("VND").

3. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements requires the Board of Management of the Bank and its subsidiaries make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the income, expenses and the resultant provisions. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions involving varying degrees of subjectivity and uncertainty. Therefore, actual results may differ, resulting in future changes in such provision.

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted by the Bank and its subsidiaries in preparation of the interim consoldated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Bank and its subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 and of the Bank and its subsidiaries' consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2016, except for the following change in the accounting policies:

Circular No. 39/2016/TT-NHNN on lending activities to customers of credit institutions and foreign bank branches

On 30 December 2016, the SBV issued Circular No. 39/2016/TT-NHNN on lending activities to customers of credit institutions and foreign bank branches, which has taken effect from 15 March 2017.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

Law on Accounting No. 88/2015/QH13

The National Assembly approved Law on Accounting No. 88/2015/QH13 ("New Accounting Law") on 20 November 2015. The new Accounting Law supplements regulations on electronic vouchers and stipulates regulations on measurement and recognition at fair value of certain types of assets and liabilities which their values are frequently changes in line with market values and can be determined reliably. The new Accounting Law comes into effect from 1 January 2017.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, gold, balances with the State Bank of Vietnam, treasury notes and other short-term valuable papers which can be discounted with the State Bank of Vietnam, due from and loans to other credit institutions on demand or with an original maturity of less than three months from the transaction date and securities investments with maturity of less than three months from purchase dates which are readily convertible into cash at the reporting date.

4.3 Debts purchases

Purchased debts are promulgated and presented at purchasing price on the contract. If the interest receipt thereafter includes the accrued interest before purchase date, the interest recognition is made as follows: (i) reduce the value of purchased debts by the interest accrued before the purchase date; (ii) record the interest income in the period by the amount incurred after the purchase date.

The Bank and its subsidiaries classify the debt purchased and make credit provision in accordance with regulations on credit loss provisions and utilization as presented in *Note 4.5*.

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4.4 Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances to customers are disclosed and presented at the principal amounts outstanding at the end of the period.

4.5 Provision for credit losses

The classification of placements with and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bond, loans to customers and entrustments for credit granting (collectively called "debts") is made in compliance with the quantitative method as prescribed in Article 10 of Circular 02/2013/TT-NHNN ("Circular 02") and Circular 09/2014/TT-NHNN amended and supplemented some articles of Circular 02 ("Circular 09").

In accordance with the requirements of Circular 02 and Circular 09, specific provision for debts is made based on the principal balance & debt classification of individual customer as at the last working day of each quarter. For the last quarter, the specific provision is made at the last working day of November. The specific provision is calculated by taking the principal balance less discounted value of collaterals multiplied by provision rates. The classification, specific and general provision rates for each group are presented as follows:

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.5 Provision for credit losses (continued)

Loan group		an group Classification criteria		General provision rate
1	Current	 (a) Current debts are assessed as fully and timely recoverable for both principals and interests; or (b) Debts are overdue for a period of less than 10 days and assessed as fully recoverable for both overdue principals and interests, and fully and timely recoverable for both remaining principals and interests. 	0%	0.75%
2	Special mention	 (a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 10 days and 90 days; or (b) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time. 	5%	0.75%
3	Sub Standard	 (a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 91 days and 180 days; or (b) Debts of which the repayment terms are extended for the first time; or (c) Debts of which interests are exempted or reduced because customers do not have sufficient capability to pay all interests under credit contracts; or (d) Debts under one of the following cases which have not been recovered in less than 30 days from the date of the recovery decision: Debts made incompliance with Clauses 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, Article 126 of the Law on Credit Institutions; or Debts made incompliance with Clauses 1, 2, 3, 4, Article 127 of the Law on Credit Institutions or Debts made incompliance with Clauses 1, 2, 3, 4, Article 127 of the Law on Credit Institutions. (e) Debts are required to be recovered according to regulatory inspection conclusions. 	, , ,	0.75%
4	Doubtful	 (a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 181 days and 360 days; or (b) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time but still overdue for a period of less than 90 days under that restructured repayment term; or (c) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the second time; or (d) Debts are specified in point (d) of Loan group 3 and overdue for a period of between 30 days and 60 days after decisions of recovery have been issued; or (e) Debts are required to be recovered according to regulatory inspection conclusions but stio outstanding with an overdue period up to 60 days inspection conclusions. 	e r t e e d d n c l l s	0.75%

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.5 Provision for credit losses (continued)

Lo	an group	Classification criteria	Specific provision rate	General provision rate
5	Loss	(a) Debts are overdue for a period of more than 360 days; or	100%	0%
		(b) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time but still overdue for a period of 90 days or more under that first restructured repayment term; or		
		(c) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the second time but still overdue under that second restructured repayment term; or		
		 (d) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the third time or more, regardless of being overdue or not; or 		
		(e) Debts are specified in point (d) of Loan group 3 and overdue for a period of more than 60 days after decisions on recovery have been issued; or		
		 (f) Debts are required to be recovered under regulatory inspection conclusions but still outstanding with an overdue period of more than 60 days since the recovery date as required by regulatory inspection conclusions; or 		
		(a) Debts of credit institutions under special control as announced by the SBV, or debts of foreign bank branches which capital and assets are blocked.		

If a customer has more than one debts with the Bank and its subsidiary and any of outstanding debts is classified into a higher risk group, entire remaining debts should be also classified into the higher risk group.

When the Bank participates in a syndicated loan as a participant, it should classify loans (including syndicated loans) of the customer into a higher of the risk group assessed by the leading bank and by the Bank.

4.6 Loans sold to Vietnam Asset Management Company ("VAMC")

The Bank sell loans to VAMC at the carrying amount in accordance with Decree No. 53/2013/ND-CP effective from 9 July 2013 on "Establishment, structure and operations of Vietnam Asset Management Company, Circular No. 19/2013/TT-NHNN "Regulations on purchasing, selling and writing-off of bad debts of Vietnam Asset Management Company and Official Letter No. 8499/NHNN-TCKT on "Accounting guidance on selling and purchasing of loan transactions between VAMC and credit institutions". Accordingly, selling price equals to the outstanding loan balance minus (-) unused balance of specific provision. The bank then receives the special bonds issued by VAMC.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 4.

Loans sold to Vietnam Asset Management Company ("VAMC") (continued) 4.6

Upon the sale of loans to VAMC, the Bank writes off loan balances and corresponding specific provisions and recognize special bonds issued by VAMC at par value. When receiving loans previously sold to VAMC, the Bank and its subsidiaries use annual specific provisions for special bonds to write off bad debts and recognize the difference between provision for credit losses and the remaining outstanding loan balance/bond value in "Other income" of the interim consolidated income statement.

Business combination and goodwill 4.7

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The cost of a business combination is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. Identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair values at the date of business combination.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated amortization. Negative goodwill is recognized immediately in profit or loss and positive goodwill is amortized over 10-year period on a straight-line basis.

Trading securities 4.8

Securities held for trading include debt securities, equity securities and other securities acquired and held for resale within one year in order to gain profit on price variances.

Trading securities are initially recognized at the cost on transaction date and subsequently measured at the lower of the book value and the market value.

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Interest and dividends derived from securities held for trading are recognized on a cash basis in the interim consolidated income statement.

Securities held for trading are subject to impairment review on a periodical basis. Provision for diminution in value of securities is made when the carrying value is higher than the market value in compliance with Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 7 December 2009. In case market prices of securities are not available or cannot be determined reliably, no provision is calculated. Provision is recognized in the "Net gain/ (loss) from securities held for trading" account of the interim consolidated income statement.

The market prices of listed securities are determined based on the quoted prices on the stock markets (which are closing prices on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange on the Hanoi Stock Exchange).

The market values of unlisted shares which have been registered on the unlisted public companies market (UPCoM) are the average prices of the trading market at the date of provision.

The market values of unlisted shares which have not been registered on the unlisted public companies market (UPCoM) are the average public price quotations obtained from at least three (3) reputable and large securities companies in the market. Other securities that have no quoted prices are carried at cost.

In accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 09, provision is made for corporate bonds which are unlisted on the stock exchange or not registered for trading on the market of unlisted public companies as presented in Note 4.5.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.9 Investment securities

4.9.1 Available for sale securities

Available-for-sale securities include debt and equity securities that are acquired by the Bank and its subsidiaries for the investment and available-for-sale purposes, not regularly traded but can be sold when there is a benefit. For equity securities, the Bank and its subsidiaries are also neither the founding shareholder nor the strategic partner and does not have the ability to make certain influence in establishing and making the financial and operating policies of the investees through a written agreement on assignment of its personnel to the Board of Directors/Management.

Available-for-sale equity securities are initially recognized at cost at the purchase date and continuously presented at cost in subsequent periods.

Available-for-sale debt securities are recognized at par value at the purchase date. Accrued interest (for debt securities with interest payment in arrears) and deferred interest (for debt securities with interest payment in advance) is recognized in a separate account. Discount/premium, which is the difference between the cost and the amount being the par value plus (+) accrued interest (if any) or minus (-) deferred interest (if any) is also recognized in a separate account.

In subsequent periods, these securities are continuously recorded at par value, and the discount/premium (if any) is amortized to the interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of securities. Interest received in arrears is recorded as follows: Cumulative interest incurred before the purchasing date is recorded as a decrease in the accrued interest; cumulative interest incurred after the purchasing date is recognized as income based on the accumulated method. Interest received in advance is amortized into the securities investment interest income on a straight-line basis over the term of securities investment.

Available-for-sale securities are subject to impairment review on a periodical basis.

Provision for diminution in value of securities is made when the carrying value is higher than the market value in compliance with Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 7 December 2009. In case market prices of securities are not available or cannot be determined reliably, no provision is calculated. Provision is recognized in the "Net gain/ (loss) from investment securities" account of the interim consolidated income statement.

Provision for credit losses on corporate bonds which are not listed on the stock market or not registered on the unlisted public companies market is made in accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 09 as described in *Note 4.5*.

4.9.2 Held-to-maturity-securities

(i) Special bonds issued by VAMC

Special bonds issued by VAMC are fixed-term valuable papers used to purchase bad debts of the Bank. These special bonds are initially recognized at face value at the date of transaction and subsequently carried at the face value during the holding period. Face value of the bonds equals to the outstanding balance of the debts sold less their unused specific allowance.

During the holding period, the Bank and its subsidiaries annually calculate and make allowance in accordance with Circular No. 14/2015/TT-NHNN dated 28 August 2015 amending and supplementing some articles of Circular No. 19/2013/TT-NHNN which stimulates the purchase, sale and write-off bad debts of VAMC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.9 Investments securities (continued)

4.9.2 Held-to-maturity securities (continued)

(i) Special bonds issued by VAMC (continued)

As required by Circular No. 14/2015/TT-NHNN, each year within five consecutive working days prior to the maturity date of special bonds, the Bank is obliged to fully make specific provision for each special bond using the below formula:

$$X_{(m)} = \frac{Y}{n} \times m - (Z_m + X_{m-1})$$

In which:

- X_(m) is minimum provision for special bonds in the mth year;
- X_{m-1} is accumulated specific provision for special bonds in the m-1th year;
- Y is face value of special bonds;
- n is term of special bonds (years);
- m is number of years from the bond issuance date to the provision date;
- Z_m is accumulated bad debt recoveries at the provision date (mthyear).

Credit institutions should co-operate with VAMC to determine the recovery of the bad debts.

If $(Z_m + X_{m-1}) \ge (Y/n \ge m)$, the specific provision $(X_{(m)})$ will be (0).

On settlement date of special bonds, gains from the debts shall be recognized into "Other operating income".

Specific provision for each special bond is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement in "Provision expense for credit losses". General provision is not required for the special bonds.

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(ii) Other held-to-maturity securities

Held-to-maturity securities are debt securities purchased by the Bank for the investment purpose of earning dividend and the Bank has the capability and intention to hold these investments until maturity. Held-to-maturity securities have the determined value and maturity date. In case the securities are sold before the maturity date, these securities will be reclassified to securities held for trading or available-for-sale securities.

Debt securities are recognised and mearsured similarly as available-for-sale securities.

Periodically, held-to-maturity investments are subject to review for potential impairment of their value. Provision for diminution in value is made when carrying value is higher than market value according to Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 7 December 2009 and Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC dated 28 June 2013 issued by the Ministry of Finance. In case market prices of securities are not available or cannot be determined reliably, no provision is calculated. Provision for a diminution in value is recognized in *"Net gain (loss) from investment securities"* of the interim consolidated income statement.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.9 Investments securities (continued)

4.9.2 Held-to-maturity securities (continued)

(ii) Other held-to-maturity securities (continued)

Provision for credit losses of corporate bonds which are not listed on the stock market or not registered on the unlisted public companies market is made in accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 09 as described in *Note 4.5*.

4.10 Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments represent investments in other entities in which the Bank holds less than or equal to 11% of voting rights and investment in BCC (Business Coorperation Contract). These investments are initially recorded at cost at the investment date.

Other long-term investments are initially recognized at cost at the purchase date and continuously presented at cost less the provision for diminution in value (if any) in subsequent period.

Provision for diminution in value is made when the investee suffers loss, except that such loss had been forecasted in the investee's business plan before the investment was made. For an investment in listed shares or shares which fair value can be determined reliably, provision is made based on the shares' market value (similarly to provision for diminution in value of trading securities).

For an investment in shares which fair value cannot be determined reliably, the provision is made based on the total invested amount of all parties in the entity (at face value) minus (-) owners' equity multiplied by (x) the ownership ratio of the Bank and its subsidiaries (at face value) in the entity.

Provision is reversed when the recoverable amount of the investment increases after the provision is made. Provision is reversed up to the gross value of the investment before the provision is made.

4.11 Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a fixed asset compriseses any directly attributable cost that the Bank and its subsidiaris are bringing the fixed asset to working to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or liquidated, their costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the interim consolidated balance sheet and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the interim consolidated income statement.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.12 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Payments for rental are not charged to the balance sheet. Rentals under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

4.13 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated amortization.

Expenses related to investment properties incurred after initial recognition are recorded in the remaining value of the investment properties when the Bank and its subsidiaries have the ability to obtain the economic benefits in future more than the initial valuation of the investment properties.

Depreciation of investment properties are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Building 10 - 40 years

Investment properties are no longer recognized and presented in the interim consolidated balance sheet after selling or after the investment properties are no longer used and considered no economic benefit in future from the disposal of the investment properties. The difference between the net proceeds from disposal of the investment properties with its remaining value is recognized in operating results in the period.

The transfer of properties from the owner used to investment properties only if there is a change in the purpose of using as the owners stop using the properties and begin operating lease to another party or at the end of the construction phase. The transfer from investment property to owners used only when there is a change in use, such as the case of the owners start to use this asset or initiated for the purpose of sale.

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4.14 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization of tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

n ii ii aanataraa	5 - 50 years
Buildings and structures	7 - 14 years
Machinery and equipment	6 - 10 years
Vehicles	3 - 10 years
Office equipment	4 - 10 years
Other tangible assets	6 - 49 years
Land use rights	3 - 8 years
Computer software	o o joaro

The land use rights of the Bank with indenite term are not amortized. The land use rights with definite term are amortized over the term of use.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.15 Receivables

4.15.1 Receivables classified as credit assets

Doubtful receivables are classified and provided for allowance by the Bank in accordance with the regulations on recognition and use of provision against credit risk as presented in *Note* 4.5.

4.15.2 Other receivables

Receivables other than receivables from credit activities in the Bank's operations are recognized at cost.

Provision for receivables is determined based on the overdue status of debts or expected loss of current debts in case the debts are not due for payment yet but the corporate debtors have fallen into bankruptcy or are in the process of dissolution, or of individual debtors are missing, escaped, prosecuted, on trial or deceased. Provision expense incurred is recorded in "Other operating expenses" of the interim consolidated income statement during the period.

Provision for overdue debts is made in accordance with the guidance of Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC and Circular No.89/2013/TT-BTC 2009 as follows:

Overdue period	Provision rate
From over six months up to one year	30%
From one year up to under two years	50%
From two years up to under three years	70%
From three years and above	100%

4.16 Prepaid expenses and deferred expenses

Prepaid expenses and amortization expenses are amortized over the period for which the amount is paid or the period in which economic benefit are generated in relation to these expenses.

The following types of expenses are recorded as prepaid expense and are amortized over one (1) to five hundred forty (540) months to the interim consolidated income statement:

- Prepaid expenses for rental
- Majors repairs of fixed assets
- Tools and equiments
- Prepaid expense for other services.

4.17 Due to and borrowing from other credit institutions and customers

Due to and borrowing from other credit institutions, due to customers are disclosed at the principal amounts outstanding at the date ended of financial year.

4.18 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Bank and its subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.19 Capital

Charter capital

Capital contributed from issuance of shares is recognized in the charter capital account at face value.

Share premium

The Bank and its subsidiaries record the difference between the par value and issue price of shares if the issue price is higher than par value, and the difference between price of repurchasing of treasury stocks and the re-issue price of treasury stocks to share premium account.

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognized at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss upon purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Bank and its subsidiaries' own equity instruments.

4.20 Recognition of income and expense

Interest income and expenses

Interest income and interest expenses are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement on an accrual basis. The recognition of accrued interest income is suspended when a loan is classified in Groups 2 to 5 in accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 09. Suspended interest income is reversed and monitored off-balance sheet items and recognized in the interim consolidated income statement upon actual receipt.

Income from securities investment

Income from securities investment is recognized on the difference between the selling price and cost of the securities sold.

Fees and commissions

Fees and commissions are recognized when services are provided.

Dividend income

Cash dividends from equity investment are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement when the Bank and its subsidiaries' right to receive the payment is established. For stock dividends and bonus shares, the number of shares is just updated and no dividend income is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement.

Income and expense from sale of debts

Income and expenses from the sale of debts are recognized in accordance with Decision No. 09/2015/TT-NHNN issued by the SBV promulgating regulations on sale and purchase of debts by credit institutions.

According to Circular No. 09/2015/TT-NHNN, the difference between the prices of debts purchased or sold and their book value is recorded as follows:

For debts recorded in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

- If the sale price is higher than the book value of the debt, the difference shall be recorded in the interim consolidated income statement of the Bank and its subsidiaries;
- If the purchase or sale price is lower than the book value of the debt, the difference shall be used to offset against the indemnity paid by an individual or guarantor (in case such individual or guarantor is determined to be responsible for the damage and obliged to make indemnity under prevailing regulations), or the compensation paid by the insurer, or use of outstanding provision recognized as expense previously. The remaining balance (if any) shall be recognized as an operating expense of the Bank and its subsidiaries in the period.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.20 Recognition of income and expense (continued)

Income and expense from sale of debts (continued)

For debts written off and monitored off balance sheet, the proceeds from sale of debts shall be recognized as other income of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

Book value of debts purchased and sold is the book value of the principal, interest and related financial obligations (if any) of debts recorded in the balance sheet or the off balance sheet at the date of debt purchase or sale; or the book value at the date of writing-off of debts; or the book value of debts written off previously at the date of debt purchase and sale.

Debt purchase and sale price is the sum of money to be paid by a debt purchaser to a debt seller under a debt purchase and sale contract.

4.21 Corporate income tax

Current corporate income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from (or paid to) the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are effective as at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognized directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Bank and its subsidiaries to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Bank and its subsidiaries intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The tax returns of the Bank and its subsidiaries are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Due to the ambiguity associated with the applicability of tax laws and regulations, amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided for temporary differences at the consolidated balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount recorded in consolidated financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be recognized. Deferred tax asset and Deferred tax payable are determine on the basis of expected tax rate applied for the year when assets are recovered or liabilities are settled and on basis of effective and applicable tax rates and tax laws at the end of accounting year.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.22 Fiduciary assets

Entrusted operations that the Bank and its subsidiaries bear no risks

The Bank and its subsidiaries provide services of holding assets in trust or in a fiduciary capacity. Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity are not reported in the interim consolidated financial statements since they are not assets of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

4.23 Off-balance-sheet commitments

According to circular 02 and Circular 09 issued by the State Bank of Vietnam, credit institutions are required to classify for guarantees, acceptances for payment and irrevocable loan commitments with specific effective date (generally called "off balance sheet commitments) into different groups as regulated in Article 10, Circular 02. Accordingly, off-balance-sheet commitments are classified into groups such as Current, Special Mention. Substandard, Doubtful and Loss based on the overdue status and other qualitative factors.

4.24 Foreign currency transactions

In accordance with the Accounting System of the Bank and its subsidiaries, all transactions are recorded in original currencies. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year-end are translated into VND using exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date (*Note 50*). Income and expenses of the Bank and its subsidiaries arising in foreign currencies during the year are converted into VND at real rates ruling at the transaction dates. Unrealized foreign exchange differences arising from the revaluation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized and followed in the "Foreign exchange differences" under "Equity" section in the interim consolidated balance sheet and will be transferred to the consolidated income statement at the end of the financial year.

4.25 Derivatives and other financial assets/ liabilities

Foreign currency forward and swap contracts

The Bank and its subsidiaries involve in currency forward contracts and currency swap contracts to facilitate customers to transfer, modify or minimize foreign exchange risk or other market risks, and also for the business purpose of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

The currency forward contracts are commitments to settle in cash on a pre-determined future date based on the difference between pre-determined exchange rates, calculated on the notional amount. The currency forward contracts are recognized at nominal value at the transaction date and are revalued for the reporting purpose at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Gains or losses realized or unrealized are recognized and followed in the *"Foreign exchange differences"* under *"Equity"* section in the interim consolidated balance sheet and will be transferred to the consolidated income statement at the end of the financial year.

The currency swap contracts are commitments to settle in cash on a pre-determined future date based on the difference between pre-determined exchange rates, calculated on the notional principal amount. The currency swap contracts are revaluated periodically, the difference is charged into *"Foreign exchange differences"* under *"Equity"* and will be recorded to the consolidated income statement at the end of the financial year.

4.26 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and reported at the net amount in the consolidated balance sheet if, and only if, the Bank and its subsidiaries have an enforceable legal right to offset financial assets against financial liabilities and the Bank and its subsidiaries have intention to settle on a net basis, or the realization of the assets and settlement of liabilities is made simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.27 Financial instruments

Financial instruments – initial recognition and presentation

Financial assets

Financial assets within the scope of Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 6 November 2009 providing guidance for the adoption in Vietnam of the International Financial Reporting Standards on presentation and disclosures of financial instruments ("Circular 210") are classified, for disclosures in the notes to the interim consolidated financial statements, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables or available-for-sale financial assets as appropriate. The Bank and its subsidiaries determine the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

All financial assets are recognized initially at cost plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Bank and its subsidiaries' financial assets include cash and short-term deposits, trade and other receivables, loan receivables, quoted and unquoted financial instruments and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of Circular 210 are classified, for disclosures in the notes to the interim consolidated financial statements, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost as appropriate. The Bank and its subsidiaries determine the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at cost net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Bank and its subsidiaries' financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

Financial instruments – subsequent re-measurement

There is currently no guidance in Circular 210 in relation to subsequent re-measurement of financial instruments. Accordingly, the financial instruments are subsequently re-measured at cost.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the interim consolidated balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.28 Employee benefits

4.28.1 Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are paid to retired employees of the Bank and its subsidiaries by the Social Insurance Agency, which belongs to the Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs. The Bank and its subsidiaries are required to contribute to these post-employment benefits by paying social insurance premium to the Social Insurance Agency at the rate of 18% of an employee's basic salary on a monthly basis. Besides, the Bank and its subsidiaries have no further obligation.

4.28.2 Voluntary resignation benefits

The Bank and its subsidiaries have the obligation, under the Vietnam Labour Code to pay allowance arising from voluntarily resignation of employees, equal to one-half month's salary for each year of employment plus salary allowances (if any) until 31 December 2008. The salary used in this allowance calculation will be adjusted at the end of each reporting period by the average salary of the last six-month period up to the resignation date.

4.28.3 Unemployment insurance

According to current regulations on unemployment insurance, from 1 January 2009, the Bank and its subsidiaries are required to contribute to the unemployment insurance at the rate of 1% of salary and wage fund of unemployment insurance joiners and deduct 1% of monthly salary and wage of each employee to contribute to the unemployment insurance fund.

5. BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 30 October 2013, the Bank acquired 100% equity interest of Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Bank Finance Co., Ltd. (HDFinance) (previously known as Société Générale Vietnam Finance Company Limited) according to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting dated 26 April 2013 and Decision No. 2532/QD-NHNN issued by the State Bank of Vietnam. Total business combination cost amounting to VND629,376 million was paid in cash in 2015. Goodwill originated from the acquisition is VND115,251 million and amortized over ten (10) years.

In 2014, the Bank transferred 49% equity interest in HDFinance to Credit Saison Company and renamed to HD SAISON Finance Limited ("HD SAISON"). In May 2015, the Bank completed its divestment of 1% equity interest in HD SAISON to a domestic investor at the price of VND17,000 million and recognized a net gain amounting to VND9,604 million. The goodwill was reduced accordingly.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

5. BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

The movement of goodwill during the period is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Total Goodwill	115,251	115,251
Amortization period (year)	10	10
Accumulative amortization of Goodwill at the beginning of the period	(75,874)	(70,111)
Carrying amount of Goodwill at the beginning of the period	39,377	45,140
Decrease during the period	(2,881)	(2,881)
Change for the period (Note 34)	(2,881)	(2,881)
Net book value of goodwill at the end of the period	36,496	42,259

6. CASH AND GOLD

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Cash on hand in VND Cash on hand in foreign currencies	777,533 568,060 15,686	674,017 952,494 9,499
Monetary gold	1,361,279	1,636,010

7. BALANCES WITH THE STATE BANK OF VIETNAM

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
In VND In USD	5,581,964 1,105	2,361,550 27,752
11 000	5,583,069	2,389,302

Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam include settlement and compulsory reserve. The average balances of the Bank with the State Bank of Vietnam is no less than the compulsory reserve in the month. The compulsory reserve is calculated by multiplying previous month average deposit balances and compulsory reserve rates.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

7. BALANCES WITH THE STATE BANK OF VIETNAM (continued)

The compulsory deposit rates are as follows:

	30 June 2017 % p.a	30 June 2016 % p.a
Customers		
Demand deposits and term deposits with maturity term less than 12 months in VND Term deposits with maturity term from 12	3.00	3.00
months and above in VND	1.00	1.00
Demand deposits and term deposits with maturity term less than 12 months in foreign		
currencies Term deposits with maturity term from 12	8.00	8.00
months and above in foreign currencies	6.00	6.00
Foreign credit institution		
Foreign deposit	1.00	1.00

8. DUE FROM AND LOANS TO OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

8.1 Due from other credit institutions

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Demand deposits	18,201,789	12,935,314
- In VND	9,686,522	4,738,561
- In foreign currencies	8,515,267	8,196,753
Term deposits	2,122,293	3,036,000
- In VND	2,055,000	3,036,000
- In foreign currencies	67,293	
	20,324,082	15,971,314

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

8. DUE FROM AND LOANS TO OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS (continued)

8.1 Due from other credit institutions (continued)

Changes in provision for deposits other credit institutions during the period are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Beginning balance	-	103,620
Reversal during the period (Note 36)	ा स -	(450)
Provision charged during the period		(103,170)
Ending balance	-	

Interest rates per year of deposits at other credit institutions at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 % p.a	31 December 2016 % p.a
In VND	1.80 - 5.30	4.20 - 5.40
In foreign currencies	1.50	0.00

8.2 Loans to other credit institutions

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Current - In VND	2,309,232	2,309,586
In which : discounted and rediscounted loan - In foreign currency	1,609,233 89,724	624,586 299,147
	2,398,956	2,608,733

Interest rates per year of loans to other credit institutions at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 % p.a	31 December 2016 % p.a
In VND	1.80 - 5.30	4.20 - 5.40
In foreign currencies	1.50	0.00

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

9. TRADING SECURITIES

_	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Debt securities Unlisted debt securities issued by domestic economic entities	400,000	400,000
Provision for credit loss of trading securities		(2.002)
General provision	(3,000)	(3,063)
	397,000	396,937

Breakdown of trading securities at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 as follows:

	30 Jur	ne 2017	31 Decemb	
	Par value VND million	Carrying value VND million	Par value C VND million	Carrying value VND million
Debt securities issued by domestic economic entities – Unlisted Viet Han trading, advertising, Construction				~**
and real estate Co., Ltd	400,000	400,000	400,000 _	400,000
and real estate Co., Etd		400,000		400,000

Debt securities issued by domestic economic entities above are classified as current loan group.

Changes in provision for deposits other credit institutions during the period are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Beginning balance	3,063 (63)	6,922
Reversal in the period (Note 32) Ending balance	3,000	6,922

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

10. DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Total contract value (using exchange rate	Total carrying (using exchang reporting c	hange rate at	
	at the contract date) VND million	Assets VND million	Liabilities VND million	
Currency derivatives as at 30 June 2017				
Forward contracts	3,049,537	5,632	-	
Swap contracts	17,419,979	-	94,528	
Total	20,469,516	5,632	94,528	
Net amount		_	88,896	
Currency derivatives				
as at 31 December 2016	3,245,203		2,747	
Forward contracts	16,069,782	13,942	20,521	
Swap contracts Total	19,314,985	13,942	23,268	
10(a)			9,326	

11. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS

	96,945,442	82,224,372
valuable papers Overdraft and loans to credit card holders Loans to foreign economic entities and individuals	1,953,064 1,087,469 34,665	
Loans to local economic entities and individuals Loans for discounted commercial notes and	93,870,244	78,850,738
-	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million

11.1 Analysis of loans by quality

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Current Special mention Substandard Doubtful Loss	94,024,737 1,372,650 532,175 515,118 500,762 96,945,442	79,734,077 1,291,514 376,621 460,699 361,461 82,224,372

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

11. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

11.2 Analysis of loans by original terms

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Short-term loans Medium-term loans Long-term loans	50,073,991 26,648,973 20,222,478	34,052,485 29,487,894 18,683,993
	96,945,442	82,224,372

11.3 Analysis of loans by type of customers and ownership

	30 June 2017		31 December 2016	
	VND million	%	VND million	%
Corporate loans	48,963,907	50.52	45,494,950	55.33
Joint-stock companies	26,477,310	27.32	26,970,387	32.81
Limited liability companies	17,291,877	17.84	13,072,900	15.90
100% State limited liability companies	1,957,720	2.02	1,979,449	2.41
Family household business	1,339,419	1.38	1,276,613	1.55
	676,261	0.70	408,783	0.50
State Joint – stock companies Other State-owned enterprises	533,634	0.55	513,032	0.62
	524,029	0.54	883,170	1.07
Private companies Foreign joint venture enterprises	105,994	0.11	332,240	0.40
	18,965	0.02	23,708	0.03
Co-operatives	38,698	0.04	34,668	0.04
Others Individual loans	47,981,535	49.48	36,729,422	44.67
	96,945,442	100.00	82,224,372	100.00

11.4 Analysis of loans by currency

	VND million	%	VND million	%
In VND In foreign currency and gold	90,099,559 6,845,883	92.94 7.06	77,665,512 4,558,860	94.46 5.54
millionghi carreney 202 gera	96,945,442	100.00	82,224,372	100.00

30 June 2017

31 December 2016

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

11. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

11.5 Analysis of loans by industry

	30 June 20	17	31 December 20	016
	VND million	%	VND million	%
Household work, production and				
Household work, production and consumer services	39,933,991	41.19	36,063,574	43.86
Constructions	7,994,825	8.25	9,059,197	11.02
Real estate business	6,006,845	6.20	4,679,177	5.69
Agricultural, forestry and				
aquaculture	5,314,067	5.48	4,387,144	5.34
Processing industry	4,912,579	5.07	4,571,492	5.56
Hotel and restaurant	4,577,366	4.72	4,534,253	5.51
Wholesale and retail trade, repair of				
motor vehicles, motorcycles	3,068,939	3.17	2,084,496	2.54
Electricity, gas and water		10.000	0 000 010	0.47
supply/distribution	2,504,625	2.58	2,608,913	3.17 2.74
Transportation and warehousing	1,791,479	1.85	2,256,132	2.74
Financial, banking and insurance		4.00	1 420 077	1.74
services	1,613,237	1.66	1,430,077 85,655	0.10
Mining industry	840,967	0.87	362,498	0.44
Science and technology activities	444,591	0.46	406,587	0.49
Media and communications	211,443	0.22	155,806	0.19
Education and training	150,963	0.16	82,933	0.10
Art and entertainment services	107,075	0.11	02,955	0.10
Administrations and supporting	70 521	0.07	468,166	0.57
services	72,531	0.07	400,100	
Health care and social relief	70,202	0.07	68,974	0.08
activities	56,004	0.06	103,309	0.13
Water supplies and waste treatment	17,273,713	17.81	8,815,989	10.73
Other services				100.00
	96,945,442	100.00	82,224,372	100.00

Annual interest rates of loans and advances to customer at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 31 L	December 2016
	% p.a	% p.a
Commercial loans - In VND - In foreign currencies	0,00 - <mark>37,5</mark> 0,77 - 7,45	0,00 - 37,5 1,20 - 7,45

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

12. DEBTS PURCHASES

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Debts purchased in VND Provision for purchased debts	8,127 (2,638)	8,690 (3,201)
	5,489	5,489

Balances and interest of the purchased debts are as follows:

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Loan balances purchased	10,820	11,383 -
Interest of purchased debts	10,820	11,383

Results of the loan classification as at 31 March 2017 and provision for purchased debts as required by Circular 02/2013/TT-NHNN, Circular 09/2014/TT-NHNN and the Bank's policy on loan classification and provision is as follows:

on VND	million VINL		million
27 (2	2,638)	<u> </u>	(2,638)
			ion VND million VND million

Changes in provision for purchased debts in current period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
31 December 2016	3,201	-	3,201
Reversal (Note 13)	(563)	-	(563)
	2,638		2,638
30 June 2017			

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Changes in provision for purchased debts in previous period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
31 December 2015	3,201	-	3,201
Provision/(Reversal)			2 204
30 June 2016	3,201		3,201

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

13. PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES

Breakdown of provision for credit losses at the period-end is as follows:

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Provision for loans and advances to customers	1,069,460	920,397
Provision for purchased debts	2,638	3,201
Provision for special bonds issued by VAMC (Note 14.2)	702,142	661,141
	1,774,240	1,584,739

Provision expenses during the period comprised of:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Provision expense for loans and advances to customers	389,929	3 <mark>6</mark> 3,115
Reversed provision for debts puchased (Note 12)	(563)	
Provision expense for special bonds issued by VAMC (Note 14.4)	44,281	66,817
Total provision expense charged for credit losses	433,647	429,932

Result of the loan classification as at 31 March 2017 and provision for credit losses of loans and advances to customers as required by Circular 02/2013/TT-NHNN, Circular 09/2014/TT-NHNN, Restructuring Plan and the Bank and its subsidiaries' policy on loan classification and provision is as follows:

Classification	Balance VND million	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
Current	85,014,089	-	637,606	637,606
Special mention	1,626,711	40,791	12,200	52,991
Sub standard	442,134	53,362	3,316	56,678
Doubtful	542,837	153,742	4,071	157,813
Loss	520,792	121,245		121,245
	88,146,563	369,140	657,193	1,026,333

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

13. PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES (continued)

Changes in provision for credit losses during the current period are as follows:

Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total
327,570	592,827	920,397
	64,366	233,657
•	-	(127, 721)
	657,193	1,026,333
	16,032	156,272
(113,145)		(113,145)
396,235	673,225	1,069,460
	provision VND million 327,570 169,291 (127,721) 369,140 140,240 (113,145)	provision provision VND million VND million 327,570 592,827 169,291 64,366 (127,721) - 369,140 657,193 140,240 16,032 (113,145) -

Changes in provision for credit losses during the previous period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total
31 December 2015	301,573	404,022	705,595
Arising during Quarter I	166,741	94,482	261,223 (37,353)
Utilization during Quarter I Balance as at 31 March 2016	(37,353) 430,961	498,504	929,465
Arising during Quarter II	77,514 (67,233)	24,378	101,892 (67,233)
Utilization during Quarter II 30 June 2016	441,242	522,882	964,124

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

14. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

14.1 Available-for-sale securities

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Debt securities (Note 14.1.1)		
Issued by the Government	17,829,486	18,153,613
Issued by other domestic credit institutions	300,000	-
Issued by domestic economic entities	6,101,019	5,259,048
	24,230,505	23,412,661
Equity securities (Note 14.1.2)		
Issued by domestic economic entities	786,133	854,692
	786,133	854,692
	25,016,638	24,267,353
Provision for available-for-sale securities		
 Provision for diminution in value 	(86,144)	(91,220)
 General provision 	(39,790)	(35,474)
- Specific provision	(237,741)	(237,741)
	(363,675)	(364,435)
Net amount	24,652,963	23,902,918

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

14. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

14.1 Available-for-sale securities (continued)

14.1.1 Debt securities (continued)

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Government bonds - Listed Gorvernment bonds Vietnam Development Bank bonds Local Authorities bonds - Ho Chi Minh City	17,829,486 16,203,503 1,617,858 8,125	18,153,613 13,447,752 4,195,932 509,929
Bonds issued by other credit institutions - Unlisted FE CREDIT	300,000 300,000	-
Bonds issued by other economic entities - Unlisted	6,101,019	5, <mark>259,0</mark> 48
Hanoi Housing Development And Investment Corporation Hoang Anh Gia Lai Joint Stock Company	1,000,000 930,000	
Development Investment Construction Joint Stock Company Song Nhue Joint Stock Company	800,000 600,000	600,000
Dong Long ICO., Joint Stock Company Others	600,000 2,171,019	
	24,230,505	23,412,661

- Government bonds in VND have term from three (3) to fifteen (15) years and bear interest at rates from 5.00% to 9.50%, interest is paid annually. In which, the Bank used some bonds amounting to VND5,330,000 million as collaterals for borrowing at other credit institutions and for credit limit with State Bank of Vietnam.
- Other credit institution bonds have term one (1) year and bear interest at rates from 10.50% p.a, interest is paid annually.
- Bonds issued by other business entities have terms from two (2) to 10 (ten) years, interest is paid quarterly, semi-annually or annually. The current interest rate ranges 8.50% to 12.50% p.a and is subject to change on a quarterly, semi-annually or annually basis depending on each type of bonds. Certain corporate bonds are secured by land use rights, real estate project and shares.

B05a/TCTD-HN

Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Bank

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

14. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

- 14.1 Available for sale securities (continued)
- 14.1.2 Equity securities

0.000	2010	% owned		4.47	1.98	0.15	3.35	0.13	0.26	0.76	
	31 December 2016	Carrying amount VND million		654,731	91,687	30,243	19,942	23,514	20,377	14,198	854,692
		% owned		4.47	1.98	0.13	1.56	00.00	0.00	0.00	
	30 June 2017	Carrying amount VND million		654 731	01,687	26,50	13 156		'n	1	786,133
14.1.2 Equity securities			Investments in business entities	Listed shares		- Ocean Hospitality & Service Joint Stock Company - UCH	ervices Corporation -	 Trading Joint Stock Company 	- FPT Corporation	- Refrigeration Electrical Engineering Corporation – KEE	- Thu Duc Ho Chi Minn City Development Colporation - 1 21

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

14. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

14.2 Held-to-maturity securities

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Government bonds (a) Special bonds VAMC (b) Vietnam Development Bank bonds (c) Bonds issued by other local credit institutions - Unlisted (d)	1,832,778 2,067,558 207,568 4,400,751	5,772,021 2,229,084 519,708 2,500,000 11,020,813
Provision for held-to-maturity securities	8,508,655	(1,499)
 General provision Special bonds provision (Note 13) 	(702,142)	(1,400) (661,141) 10,358,173
Net amount	7,806,513	

(a) These are Government bonds that have term of three (3) to fifteen (15) years and bear interest at 5.00% to 7.40%, interest is paid annually.

(b) These are special bonds issued by Vietnam Asset Management Company (VAMC) to purchase bad debts of the Bank. These bonds have term of five (5) years and bear interest at rate of 0.00%. Par value of these special bonds is the difference between the outstanding loan balance and the corresponding unused specific provision at the purchasing date.

Increase/(decrease) movement of VAMC bonds during the period are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Beginning balance	2,229,084 (161,526)	3,012,652 (256,704)
Write-off during the period Ending balance	2,067,558	2,755,948

(c) These bonds issued by Development Bank of Vietnam have terms in range from three (3) to five (5) and bear interest rate from 6.3% to 9.20% p.a, in which, interest is paid annually. HAT HI

(d) Bonds issued by local credit institutions have term of one (1) to ten (10) years and bear interest at the rate in range from 7.40% to 10.50% p.a, in which, interest is paid semiannually or annually.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

14. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

14.3 Analysis of securities classified as credit risk assets by quality

	30 June 2017 31 VND million	December 2016 VND million
Other economic entities bonds - Standard - Loss	5,801,019 300,000	4,959,048 300,000
- 2055	6,101,019	5,259,048

14.4 Provision for investment securities

Changes in provision for investment securities during the period are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Beginning balance Available-for-sale securities	364,435	132,126
Held-to-maturity securities (excluded special bonds issued by VAMC) Special bond issued by VAMC	1,499 661,141	3,740 383,388
	1,027,075	519,254
Provision used to credit loss sold to VAMC	(3,280)	-
Provision/(reversal) in the period Available for sale securities (Note 33)	(760)	128,610
Held to maturity securities (excluded special bonds issued by VAMC) (<i>Note 33</i>) Special bonds issued by VAMC (<i>Note 13</i>)	(1,499) 44,281	(2,241) 66,817
Special bonds issued by think (note he)	38,742	193,186
Ending balance Available for sale securities	363,675	260,736
Held to maturity securities (excluded special bonds issued by VAMC) Special bonds issued by VAMC (Note 13)	702,142	1,499 450,205
	1,065,817	712,440

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

15. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

15.1 Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments at the period ended:

31 December 2016	Carrying Par value amount VND million VND million % owned	19,000 18,697 930 930	65,000 300,000		18,000 43,000 1.20 4,480 4,480 1.08 3,960 11,880 11.00 2,500 3,000 1.07		600 1,800	500 500 638 371 6,820 10,287	205.128 495,945
	% owned	0.63	9.85	ţ.	-	0 1.02 0 0.83	0.09	0 0.22 1 4.78	1 0
30 June 2017) 18,697) 930	300,000	0 66,000 9,000 22,000	4 -	0 3,000 0 2,000	0 1,800	00 500 88 371 -	105 250
	Par value VND million	19,000 930	65,000	33,000 24,000 22,000	18,000 4,480 3,960	3,600 2,600	600	500 638	000 001
		Investments in credit institutions Vietcapital Commercial Joint Stock Bank Saigon Bank for Industry and Trade	Investments in business entities Nhon Trach Investment Joint Stock Company - NIC	Ho Chi Minh City Housing Development Real Estate Joint Stock Company (HDREAL) Mekong Aviation Joint Stock Company	Dai Viet Securities Joint Stock Company Vietnam management Fund Joint stock Company Hoa Rinh University	Ut Xi Aquatic Products Processing Corporation Vietnam National Financial Switching Joint Stock Company (previously known as Banking Card and Credit Joint Stock Company)	Loc Troi Group Joint Stock Company (previously known as An Giang Plant Protection Joint Stock	HCMC Credit Guarantee Fund for small and medium enterprise Banking Training Corporation	Duc Khai 25 Corporation

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

15. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

15.2 Provision for long-term investments

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Beginning balance Arising during the period <i>(Note 36)</i>	111,539 1,692	111,074 839
Ending balance	113,231	111,913

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

16. FIXED ASSETS

16.1 Tangible fixed assets

Total VND million	1,003,485 6,299 (1,501) 1,008,283	478,501 44,010 (1,389) 521,122	524,984 487,161 4 million).
Other fixed assets VND million	9,120 - 9,013	6,945 415 (103) 7,257	359,158 39,169 68,102 56,380 2,175 352,646 31,012 58,495 43,252 1,756
Office equipment VND million	241,122 4,289 (740) 244,671	184,742 17,363 (686) 201,419	56,380 43,252
Vehicles VND million	172,711 - (168) 172,543	104,609 9,574 (135) 114,048	58,495
Machinery and equipment VND million	152,165 400 (265) 152,300	112,996 8,551 (259) 121,288	39,169 31,012
Buildings and structures VND million	428,367 1,610 (221) 429,756	69,209 8,107 (206) 77,110	359,158 352,646
	Cost 31 December 2016 Purchases Disposal 30 June 2017	Accumlated depreciation 31 December 2016 Charged for the period Disposal 30 June 2017	Net book value 31 December 2016 30 June 2017

Cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets that are still in use as at 30 June 2017 VND214,627 million (31 Decer

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

B05a/TCTD-HN

16. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

16.2 Intangible fixed assets

51	Definite-term land use rights VND million	Indefinite-term land use rights VND million	Computer software VND million	Other assets VND million	Total VND million
	45,386 -	759,438 -	181,223 11,946	1,901 228	987,948 12,174
	45,386	759,438	193,169	2,129	1,000,122
Accumlated depreciation 31 December 2016	2,067 564	, ,	157,304 10,435	1,601 147	160,972 11,146
Charged for the period 30 June 2017	2,631		167,739	1,748	172,118
	43,319	759,438	23,919	300	826,976
	42,755	759,438	25,430	381	828,004

Cost of fully depreciated intangible fixed assets that are still in use as at 30 June 2017 VND90,926 million (31 December 2016: VND79,011 million).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties including land use rights with indefinite terms and buildings which were acquired by Asset Management Limited Company - Saigon Joint Stock Commercial Bank from bidding the foreclosed assets. The fair value of investment properties was not officially assessed and determined as at 30 June 2017. However, those properties are held for the purpose of earning rental income or for the capital appreciation. The Board of Management believes could not estimate the fair value of investment properties due to lack of information as at the interim balance sheet date.

	Buildings and structures VND million	Land use rights VND million	Total VND million
Cost		75 400	88,765
31 December 2016	13,599	75,166	88,705
Transferred from construction in progress Disposal	1,612 (10,216)	11,000 (32,512)	12,612 (42,728)
30 June 2017	4,995	53,654	58,649
Accumlated depreciation			
31 December 2016	384	-	384
Charged for the period	122	-	122
Disposal	(301)	-	(301)
30 June 2017	205		205
Net book value			
31 December 2016	13,215	75,166	88,381
30 June 2017	4,790	53,654	58,444

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

18. OTHER ASSETS

18.1 Receivables

		30 June 2017 31 L	
	Notes	VND million	VND million
Receivables from sale of securities on credit Advances for acquisitions of fixed assets Receivables from disposals of fixed assets Deposits for rental/purchase office Advances for operating activities Constructions in progress	(i) (ii) (iii) (iV) (V)	2,745,406 913,333 280,000 166,000 163,597 149,065	3,236,182 885,318 315,000 160,000 124,638 139,386
Deposit for rental office, fixed assets and tools Dividends from VietJet <i>(Note 35)</i> Advances for debt collateral resolution Receivable from Vietnam Shipbuilding		76,423 26,828 26,477	75,874 - 24,338
Industry Corporation (Vinashin) Receivables from lease of Abacus Building Prepaid savings interest Advances for investments Receivables from entrusted deposits Receivable from investment disposal Ohters	(vi)	22,912 18,750 16,241 11,619 8,478 3,080 240,089	22,912 18,750 23,594 11,619 8,909 3,080 240,787
		4,868,298	5,290,387

(i) These represent receivables from disposal securities of individuals and organisations on credits amounted to originally VND 2,659,635 million and accrual interest of VND 85,771 million. According to contracts and subcontracts, the principal and interest will be collected at end of period with interest adjustment annually. These receivables will be collected in year 2017, 2018 and 2019.

(ii) Advances for acquisitons of fixed assets comprise:

	30 June 201731 VND million	December 2016 VND million
Purchase of houses and offices Transportation vehicles Purchase of other assets	893,812 12,754 6,767	877,818 - 7,500
	913,333	885,318

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

18. OTHER ASSETS (continued)

18.1 Receivables (continued)

- (iii) This pertains to a receivable from a local economic for disposal of two buildings located at 69 Pham Ngoc Thach and 174 Phan Dang Luu, Ho Chi Minh City. These amounts are paid annually in 9 years. The first payment will be on 15 November 2017.
- (iv) This is advance to economic related to consulting, seeking and transfering land use right and assets to the Bank and its subsidiaries.
- (v) These are advances for maintainance, renovation and decoration of branches and transaction offices of the Bank and its subsidiaries.
- (vi) This represents a receivable from Shipbuilding Industry Corporation (Vinashin) (include principle and interest), which are being amortized to expense within five (5) years up to 2018.

18.2 Interest and fees receivable

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Deposits interest Loans interest Interest on securities investment	9,718 1,864,527 1,123,955 21,285	10,938 1,811,978 1,277,929 13,042
Other interest and fee	3,019,485	3,113,887

18.3 Other assets

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Prepaid and deferred expenses (i) Foreclosed assets awaiting resolution (ii)	1,045,423 383,543	1,056,943 385,610
Tools and supplies	37,990 36,496	25,167 39,377
Good will Other asset	3,450	3,450
	1,506,902	1,510,547

- (i) Prepaid and deferred expenses include costs of tools and supplies, repairing cost of fixed assets, office renovation and leasing offices and leased lines, in which the prepaid expense for lease of 11 floors at No.25 Bis Nguyen Thi Minh Khai Tower and 7 floors at No.22-24-26 Pasteur as the Bank's Head Office and Branch amounting to VND236,151 million and VND131,501 million, respectively.
- (ii) Foreclosed assets represent collaterals obtained by the Bank to write off bad loans and other receivables. The transfer of ownership to the Bank was completed as the date of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

18. OTHER ASSETS (continued)

18.4 Provision for other assets

Provision for other assets is comprised of:

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Other provisions	35,027	35,458
	35,027	35,458

Changes in provision for credit risk during the period are as follow:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Beggining balance	35,458	38,989
(Reversal)/ provision in the period (Note 36)	(431)	2,503
Ending balance	35,027	41,492

19. BORROWINGS FROM THE GOVERNMENT AND THE STATE BANK OF VIETNAM

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Japan Bank of International Cooperation (i) Asian Development Bank (ii)	131, <mark>57</mark> 9 19,295	155,844 21,791
Development Fund for small and medium enterprise (iii)	2,283	-
	153,157	177,635

- (i) These borrowings were made under the Credit Financing for Small and Medium Enterprises Project - Phase II and Phase III funded by Japan Bank of International Cooperation (JBIC) through the SBV. According to the agreement dated 1 November 2007, the Bank obtained these loans to support enterprises which meet the criteria of the project. Principals will be paid under contracts' schedule, interest paid quarterly.
- (ii) These borrowings were made under the Credit Financing Project funded by Asia Development Bank through the SBV. According to the agreement dated 16 January 2006 and its amendments dated 24 November 2006 and 11 October 2010 signed with the SBV, total credit limit is VND68,000 million. The borrowings have a term of 20 years from 6 January 2004 and bear interest at rate equivalent to the average interest rate of all types of term deposits in the banking industry at end of each quarter.

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(iii) These borrowing were from Development Fund for small and medium entreprise (SMEDF) which bears interest of 7.00% per annum, from 17 March 2017 to 16 March 2022 with total amount of VND2,283,079,311. Principals and interest will be paid monthly.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

20. DUE TO AND BORROWINGS FROM OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

		30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
	Due to other credit institutions Borrowings from other credit institutions	17,593,161 7,513,916	13,621,415 6,063,250
		25,107,077	19,684,665
20.1	Due to other credit institutions		
		30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
	Demand deposits In VND	9,592,858	4,524,040
	Term deposits In VND In foreign currencies	6,392,000 1,608,303	5,773, <mark>52</mark> 5 3,323,850
		17,593,161	13,621,415

Annual interest rates applicable to due to other credit institutions at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 %	31 December 2016 %
Term deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies	1.40 - 5.50 1.35 - 2.00	

20.2 Borrowings from other credit institutions

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Borrowings from local credit institutions in VND	5,115,651	3,949,786
Borrowings from credit institutions in foreign currencies	2,398,265	2,113,464
	7,513,916	6,063,250

As at 30 June 2017, Borrowings from other credit institutions have terms from 7days to 60 days with interest rate in range from 1.90% p.a to 4.20% p.a. Borrowings from other credit institutions by USD, has term up to 1 year bear interest from 2.30% to 2.40% p.a.

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Including in deposits and borrowings, there are deposits and borrowings with total amount of VND4,518,942 million (31 December 2016: VND6,855,901 million) secured by available for sale securities with total amount of VND5,330,000 million (31 December 2016: VND7,154,000 million).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

21. DUE TO CUSTOMERS

21.1 Analysis by products

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Demand deposits	10,298,235 9,752,159	9,813,269 9,258,445
Demand deposits in VND Demand deposits in foreign currencies	546,076	554,824
Term deposits Term deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies	26,816,441 26,556,771 259,670	22,874,767 22,097,095 777,672
Saving deposit Savings deposits in VND Savings deposits in foreign currencies	77,874,299 76,825,421 1,048,878	68,698,004
Deposits for specific purposes In VND In foreign currencies	342,262 333,022 9,240	223,164
Margin deposits In VND In foreign currencies	121,161 105,808 15,353	164,232
Other amounts owing to customers Other savings deposits	258,354 258,354	337,892
	115,710,752	103,299,771

Annual interest rates applicable to customer deposits at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 % p.a	31 December 2016 % p.a
Demand deposits in VND Demand savings deposits in VND Demand deposits in foreign currencies Demand savings deposits in foreign currencies Term deposits in VND Term savings deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies Term savings deposits in foreign currencies	0.00 0.07-1.00 0.00-0.01 0.00 0.80-7.80 0.00-9.50 0.00 0.00-1.60	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.07-1.00\\ 0.00-0.01\\ 0.00\\ 0.80-9.00\\ 0.20-9.50\\ 0.00\\ 0.00-1.60\end{array}$

In case term savings deposits are withdrawn before the maturity date, the demand interest rate shall be applied.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

21. DUE TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

21.2 Analysis by customers and type of business

	30 June 2017 3 VND million	1 December 2016 VND million
Deposits from economic entities	35,965,181	31,533,537
Other joint stock companies	13,982,227	11,601,598
100% State limited liability companies	6,615,693	4,502,869
Other State-owned enterprises	3,998,630	3,980,657
Other limited liability companies	3,483,162	3,543,040
Co-operatives	3,050,472	3,047,798
Joint-foreign-invested enterprises	963,221	1,109,087
State and administrative unit of government	657,346	600,998
State joint stock companies	606,753	749,713
Joint-foreign-invested enterprises	561,236	540,521
Over 50% State limited liability companies	462,008	413,022
Private companies	75,766	57,222
Partnerships	12,176	4,902
Family household business	4,791	2,790
Others	1,491,700	1,379,320
Deposits from individuals	79,745,571 115,710,752	71,766,234

22. OTHER BORROWED AND ENTRUSTED FUNDS

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Other borrowed and entrusted funds in VND Entrusted funds from Rural Development Fund	3,671 3,671	5,821 5,821
Other borrowed and entrusted funds in foreign currencies Entrusted funds from Rural Development Fund Entrusted funds of Nhon Trach water supplies	2,903,596 1,275	2,837,611 1,259
construction program for reforming power sector - Phase II	31,153	-
Entrusted funds of support and development program for reforming power sector - Phase III (i)	2,871,168	2,836,352
	2,907,267	2,843,432

(i) The borrowing amounting to USD128 million from the Ministry of Finance is to finance support program for reforming power sector - Phase III for a period of 29 years from 4 August 2015 to 4 August 2043 and bear interest of six-month US Dollar LIBOR plus spread adjusted periodically by World Bank on 1 January and 1 July each year. 101

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

23. VALUABLE PAPERS ISSUED

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Certificates of deposits (i) Less than 12 months From 12 months to 5 years	554,000 5,739,000	70,014 5,097,000
Straight bonds (ii) From 12 months to 5 years Over 5 years	2,060,000 3,000,000 11,353,000	2,860,000 3,000,000 11,027,014

In 2013 and 2014, the Bank issued bonds to mobilize funds. Interests from bonds are paid annually with a fixed interest rate from 7.20% to 8.00% in the first year and at the floating interest rate set annually by the sum of the average of 12-month saving term deposits paid in arrears of four largest banks in Vietnam and a spread in range between 1.20% and 2.00% from the second year onward.

In 2015, the Bank issued bonds with terms of 10 years and interests of bonds are paid annually with fixed interest rate from 7.70% to 8.50% p.a in first five years. In case the bonds have not been redeemed by the Bank after 5 years, the applicable rate would be added by 0.50% p.a.

Annual interest rates applicable to straight bonds at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 % p.a	31 December 2016 % p.a	
Straight bonds	7.5-13	7.5-13	

24. OTHER LIABILITIES

24.1 Interest and fees payable

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Interest on saving deposits in VND Interest on deposits in VND Interest on valuable papers in VND Interest on borrowings in VND Interest on borrowings in foreign currencies Interest on entrusted funds from international entities Foreign currency swap contracts Interest on deposits in foreign currencies Interest on saving deposits in foreign currencies	1,932,195 349,184 273,881 137,685 23,079 19,715 15,711 536 347 356	1,748,016 307,869 194,869 169,104 8,464 17,415 11,798 4,267 146 1,302
Foreign currency forward contracts	2,752,689	2,463,250

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

24. OTHER LIABILITIES (continued)

24.2 Other payables

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Internal payables	118,690	99,420
Bonus and welfare Fund	8,141	8,994
Payables to employees	110,549	90,426
External payables	426,851	397,297
Cash held in trust and awaiting payment	252,640	171,219
Current income tax payables (Note 25)	89,940	92,512
Abacus management fee	5,552	5,552
	3,971	6,727
Other tax payables VAT payables (Note 25)	3,954	7,344
Commission payables	70,794	113,943
Other payables	261,114	
Unearned revenue	72,629	71,716
Payables to construction in progress	3,865	2,764
Other payables	184,620	275,339
	806,655	846,536

25. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

	31 December Movement during th				
	2016	Payable	Paid	30 June 2017	
	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million	
Value added tox	7,344	17,192	(20,582)	3,954	
Value added tax Corporate income tax	92,512	168,048	(170,620)	89,940	
Other taxes	6,727	33,997	(36,753)	3,971	
Personal income tax	6,369	30,308	(32,976)	3,701	
Withholding tax	358	3,327	(3,415)	270	
License tax	-	232	(232)	-	
Others	-	130	(130)	-	
••••••	106,583	219,237	(227,955)	97,865	

25.1 Current corporate income tax

The Bank and its subsidiaries have the obligations to pay corporate income tax ("CIT") at the rate of 20% of taxable profits (previous year: 20%).

Tax declarations of the Bank and its subsidiaries are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Due to the ambiguity associated with the applicability of tax laws and regulations in Vietnam, amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

25. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

25.1 Current corporate income tax (continued)

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of income because it excludes items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years due to the difference between accounting and tax regulations and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Bank and its subsidiaries' liability for current tax is calculated by using tax rates that have been enacted by the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Current CIT during the period is calculated as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Profit before tax	881,068	402,185
The Bank and its subsidiaries' s CIT expense at rate 20%	176,213	80,437
Deduct: Income from untaxable dividends	(8,718)	(25,695)
- Loss from taxable used		(24)
- Other adjustments	(191)	1
Add: - Non-deductible expenses	168	1,593
 Adjustment on income due to consolidated financial statements 	576	25,576
	168,048	81,887
Total CIT expenses during the period		

25.2 Deferred CIT

	Consolidated b	alance sheet	Effect on the o income st	atement
	30 June 2017 VND million	Fo 31 December 2016 VND million	or the six-monthFo period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	or the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Deferred tax				
assets Gain on exchanges differences Provision for	(2,489)	(2,489)	-	-
investments securities	19,800	19,800	-	
	17,311	17,311		
Net deferred CIT income				

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

B05a/TCTD-HN

26. OWNERS' EQUITY

26.1 Statement of changes in owners' equity

Total VND million	9,942,643	713,020	ı	(2,808)	(4,010)	10,648,845		
Non- controlling interests VND million	625,630	94,213	,	ĩ	1	719,843		
Retained earnings VND million	747,047	618,807	(890)	ı		1,364,964		2
Foreign currency translation reserve VND million	ı	ı	ĸ	ı	(4,010)	(4,010)		Cunnlamantan
Reserves VND million	465,280	ì	890	(2,808)	"	463,362		loiononi L
Development and investment reserve VND million	88	Ĕ	ĩ	ı	1	88	:wc	
L Treasury shares VND million	(2)	ï	ŗ	ĩ	Ľ	(2)	presented belo	
Share premium VND million	4,599	1	·	1		4,599	g the period are	
Charter capital VND million	8,100,000	9	1		T	8,100,000	reserves durinç	
smet	31 December 2016	Net profit after-tax for the period	Appropriation to reserves	Reservers used	Foreign exchange differences	Balance as at 30 June 2017	Changes in the Bank's reserves during the period are presented below:	

Total VND million		465,280	890	(2,808)	000 007	403,302	
Other reserve VND million		28,311	ī	(2,808)		25,503	
Supplementary capital reserve VND million		164,794	297			165,091	
Financial reserve VND million		272,105	503	· ·		272,698	
Development reserve VND million		20				02	
	Items		31 December 2016	Appropriation to reserves	Reserves used during the period		30 June 2017

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

26. OWNER'S EQUITY (continued)

26.2 Statutory reserves of the Bank and its subsidiaries

The Bank and its subsidiaries make the statutory reserves in compliance with Law on Credit Institutions No. 47/2010/QH12, Decree No. 57/2012/ND-CP and the Charter of the Bank and its subsidiaries. Statutory reserves are made based on the Bank and its subsidiaries' performance of the year as follows:

	Basis for calculation	Maximum balance	Purpose
Supplementary capital reserve	5% of profit after tax	100% of charter capital	Supplement capital, invest in construction, purchase of fixed assets for business operations
Financial reserve	10% of profit after tax	25% of charter capital	Cover remaining losses of assets incurred in business operations
Other reserves	Subject to resolution of the Annual general meeting of shareholders	Not defined	Subject to resolution of the Annual general meeting of shareholders

The statutory reserves were made in accordance with the Resolution of BOD in July 2017.

26.3 Dividend

	For the six-month period endea 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period endea 30 June 2016 VND million
and the state state of the period	755	742
Dividend payables at beginning of the period		810,000
Dividend payables during the period	-	(809,987)
Dividend paid during the period		755
Dividend payables at the period-end	755	755

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

27. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net profit after tax for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank (after adjusted for appropriation of bonus and welfares reserves) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Information for basic earnings per share calculation of the Bank is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank in the period (VND million)	618,807	241,403
Adjustment for appropriation to bonus and welfare funds (VND million)		
Net profit attributable to ordinary share holders for basic earnings per share calculation (VND million)	618,807	241,403
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares (shares)	809,999,792	809,999,792
Basic earnings per share (VND/share)	764	298

28. INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Interest income from loans and advances to credit institutions and customers	5,594,913	4,111,255
Interest income from trading and	1,067,258	706,623
investing debt securities - Interest income from investing securities	1,028,625	696,548
 Interest income from trading securities 	38,633	10,075
Interest income from deposits	122,664	95,109
Interest income from guarantee services	25,537	26,599
Interest income from other credit activities	179,317	253,212
	6,989,689	5,192,798

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

29. INTEREST AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Interest expense on deposits Interest expense on borrowings Interest expense on valuable papers Loss from write off bad debts	3,287,602 154,604 556,464 258,489	2,370,593 138,488 406,119 68,972
	4,257,159	2,984,172

30. NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
 Fees and commission income Settlement services Treasury services Asset preservation services Trust and agent services Others 	54,347 5,807 38 16 33,431 93,639	58,003 5,832 243 9 15,335 79,422
 Fees and commission expenses Settlement services Treasury services Postal and telecommunication Trust and agent services Others 	(15,985) (2,668) (1,571) (83) (2,963) (23,270)	(15,574) (2,054) (1,461) (100) (5,576) (24,765)
Net fees and commission income	70,369	54,657

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

31. NET GAIN FROM FOREIGN CURRENCIES TRADING

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Income from foreign exchange Income from gold trading Income from spot foreign exchange Income from currency derivatives	647 129,717 97,089	508 85,206 89,015
	227,453	174,729
Expense from foreign exchange Expense from gold trading Expense from spot foreign exchange Expense from currency derivatives	(46) (108,684) (28,429)	(114) (54,653) (17,690)
,	(137,159)	(72,457)
Net gain from foreign exchange	90,294	102,272

32. NET GAIN FROM DEALING OF TRADING SECURITIES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Income from trading securities	4,406	-
Reversed general provision for trading securities (Note 9)	63	-
Net gain from dealing of trading securities	4,469	-

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

33. NET GAIN/(LOSS) FROM DEALING OF INVESTMENT SECURITIES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Income from dealing of available-for-sales securities (*)	166,784	51,723
Expenses from dealing of available-for-sales	(10,773)	(13,433)
Arising/(reversed) provision for available-for-sale securities (<i>Note 14.4</i>)	760	(128,610)
Net gain/(Loss) from dealing of available-for- sale securities	156,771	(90,320)
Reversed general provision for held-to-maturity securities (Note 14.4)	1,499	2,241
Net gain from dealing of held-to-maturity securities	1,499	2,241
Net gain/(loss) from dealing of investment securities	158,270	(88,079)

(*) The expenses from mobilization capital for purchasing Government bonds is deducted premium/discount and accrual interests (if any) from Government bonds is amounted to VND 66,882 million.

34. NET GAIN FROM OTHER OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Other operating income Income from recovery of written-off debts Income from offering office rental services Income from disposals of fixed assets and	58,236 13,672	17,993 2,051
investment properties Other income	1,833 41,703	2,364 11,592
sa≂ sebissasi harvet d.	115,444	34,000
Other operating expenses Goodwill (<i>Note 5</i>) Sponsoring cost	(2,881) (1,414)	(2,881) (1,598)
Expenses from disposal of fixed assets and investment properties Other expenses	- (11,854)	(115) (9,102)
	(16,149)	(13,696)
Net other operating income	99,295	20,304

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

35. INCOME FROM CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION, SHARE PURCHASES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016
	VND million	VND million
Dividends received from Equity securities (i) Dividends received from capital contributions and long-term investments	42,894	1,705
	700	1,770
long-term investments	43,594	3,475

(i) This is dividends that received from investing in listed available-for-sales securities. In which, the first dividends payment in 2017 from Vietjet Joint Stock Company is amounted at VND 26,827,500,000 that received in 18 August 2017.

36. OPERATING EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 VND million
Tax payment and other fees	1,488	1,410
Personnel expenses Employees remuneration Salary and allowance Salary related allowance	908,660 832,511 64,716 11,433	646,795 590,612 49,138 7,045
Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation expenses on fixed assets	55,278 55,278	59,638 59,638
Expense for public affairs administration Expense relating to business trips Union activities	18,636 18,145 491	17,387 16,282 1,105
Insurance expenses, insurance for customers' deposits	52,823	37,638
Provision expense/(reversal) (excluding provision for credit loss, investment)	1,261	2,892
Reversed provision for credit institution deposits (<i>Note 8.1</i>) (Reversal)/provision for other assets (<i>Note18.4</i>)	(431)	(450) 2,503
Provision expense for financial investment (Note15.2)	1,692	839
Other operating expenses	845,960	703,378
Advertising, marketing, promotion and entertainment Office rental Repair and maintenance Post and telecommunication Tools and equipment Training Others	406,560 105,632 59,830 40,945 31,268 14,069 187,656	280,614 99,897 64,706 34,752 45,857 7,011 170,541
	1,884,106	1,469,138

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

37. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated cash flows statement comprises the following balances in the interim consolidated balance sheet:

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Cash in VND	777,533	674,017 952,494
Cash in foreign currencies Monetary gold	568,060 15,686	9,499
Balances with the SBV Demand deposits in other credit institutions	5,583,069 18,201,788	2,389,302 12,935,314
Deposits in other credit institutions with term of less than 90 days	2,122,293	3,036,000
Loans to other credit institutions with term of less than 90 days	2,398,957	2,608,733
	29,667,386	22,605,359

38. EMPLOYEES' INCOME

			For the six-month period ended 30 June 2017	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016
Ι.	Tot	al number of employees (persons)	12,310	9,661
۱۱.	Em	ployees' income (VND million)		
	1.	Total salary	790,477	557,345
	2.	Other income	42,034	33,267
	3.	Total income (1+2)	832,511	590,612
	4.	Average monthly salary		
		(VND million/person)	10,70	9,62
	5.	Average monthly income		10 10
		(VND million/person)	11,27	10,19

39. COLLATERALS AND MORTGAGES

39.1 Assets and valuable papers of customers pledged, discounted and re-discounted

a) Types and book value of collaterals of customers at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Real estate properties Valuable papers Movable assets	100,384,693 48,493,393 23,343,058 39,004,864	48,059,753 25,982,408
Other assets	211,226,008	208,620,237

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

39. COLLATERALS AND MORTGAGES (continued)

- 39.1 Assets and valuable papers of customers pledged, discounted and re-discounted (continued)
 - b) Assets and valuable papers of other credit institutions mortgaged, pledged and discounted

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Valuable papers	450,000	450,000

39.2 Financial assets of the Bank mortgaged, pledged and discounted

Breakdown of the Bank and its subsidiaries' financial assets mortgaged, pledged and discounted for borrowings or securities transferred under purchase and repurchases agreements with SBV and other credit institutions as at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 is as follows:

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Valuable papers	5,330,000	7,154,000

40. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Bank and its subsidiaries are parties to financial instruments which are recorded as off-balance sheet items. These financial instruments mainly comprise guarantee commitments and commercial letters of credit. These instruments involve elements of credit risk out of the items recognized in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

Credit risk for off-balance sheet financial instruments is defined as the possibility of sustaining a loss because any other party to a financial instrument fails to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Financial guarantees are conditional commitments issued by the Bank and its subsidiaries to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party including guarantee for borrowings, settlement, and performing contracts and bidding. The credit risk involved in issuing guarantees is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to other customers.

Commercial at sight letters of credit represents a financing transaction by the Bank and its subsidiaries to its customer who is usually the buyer/importer of goods and the beneficiary is typically the seller/exporter. Credit risk from this type of letters of credit is limited as the merchandise shipped serves as collateral for the transaction.

Deferred payment letters of credits represent the amounts at risk should the contract be fully effected but the client defaults in repayment to the beneficiary. Deferred payment letters of credit that defaulted by clients are recognized by the Bank and its subsidiaries as granting of a compulsory loan with a corresponding liability representing the financial obligation of the Bank and its subsidiary to pay the beneficiaries and to fulfil the guarantor obligation.

Guarantee commitment is the commitment issued by the Bank and its subsidiaries to guarantee the performance of the customers to a third party including guarantee for borrowings, settlement, performing contracts and bidding... Credit risk of the borrowing guarantee, settlement guarantee in general is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to other customers, while other guarantees, the risk is lower.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

40. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

Risk of the letter of credit is usually lower, in condition that the Bank and its subsidiaries can control goods. Deferred letter of credit may have contingent risk higher than at sight letter of credit. Deferred payment letters of credit that were defaulted by clients are recognized by the Bank and its subsidiary as granting of a compulsory loan with a corresponding liability representing the financial obligation of the Bank and its subsidiaries to pay the benificiaries and to fulfill the guarantor obligation.

The Bank and its subsidiaries require margin deposits to support credit-related financial instruments when it is deemed necessary. The margin deposit required varies from nil to 100% of the value of a commitment granted, depending on the creditworthiness of clients as assessed by the Bank and its subsidiaries.

The currency trading commitments are commitments to purchase, sell at spot and currency swap commitments. Commitments to purchase, sell at spot are commitments to purchase, sell currency according to exchange rate dealt and payment within 2 (two) days since transaction date. Currency swap commitments are commitments to purchase and sell with the same notional principal amount (only two currencies used for transaction) to one client, including one transaction for term payment at spot and one transaction for term payment in the future with the exchange rate of both transactions determined at spot transaction date.

Details of outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities at the period-end are as follows

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Credit guarantees	8,762	9,862
Foreign exchange commitments	42,532,862	35,669,948
Spot foreign exchange commitments - buy	2,990,506	2,942,536
Spot foreign exchange commitments - sell	2,062,100	1,288,271
Cross currency swap contracts	37,480,256	31,439,141
	1,085,646	1,092,889
Letters of credit	630,550	
At sight letters of credit Deferred letters of credit	455,096	
	3,110,290	2,730,003
Other guarantees Settlement guarantee	697,635	561,255
Contract performance guarantee	735,964	
Bid guarantee	112,619	
Other guarantees	1,564,072	1,555,577
	46,737,560	39,502,702
Less: Margin deposits	(109,036)	(183,179)
	46,628,524	39,319,523
Contingent liabilities and commitments		

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions include all transactions undertaken with other entities to which the Bank and its subsidiaries are related. Parties are considered as related parties if one party is able to control over or significantly influence to the other party in making decision of financial and operational policies. A party is deemed to be related to the Bank and its subsidiaries if:

- (a) Directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party:
 - controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Bank and its subsidiaries (including parents and subsidiaries);
 - has an interest (owing 5% or more of the charter capital or voting share capital) in the Bank and its subsidiaries that gives it significant influence over the Bank and its subsidiaries;
 - has joint control over the Bank and its subsidiaries;
- (b) The party is a joint venture in which the Bank and its subsidiaries are ventures (owning over 11% of the charter capital or voting share capital but is not a subsidiary of the Bank and its subsidiaries);
- (c) The party is a member of the key management personnel of the Bank and its subsidiaries or its parent Company;
- (d) The party is a close member of the family of any person referred to in (a) or (c); or
- (e) The party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by, or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any person referred to in (c) or (d).

Significant transactions with related parties in the current period are as follows:

		period ended 30 June 2017	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2016
Related party	Transactions	VND million	VND million
Major shareholders and related parties of major shareholders	Deposits disbursed Deposits taken	2,946,946 2,527,401	3,791,135 3,814,255
Companies in which the Bank has long-term investments	Deposits disbursed Deposits taken	32,356,723 32,178,675	16,488,714 16,957,918
Member of Board of Directors and Board of Managements and other related parties to these individuals	Deposits disbursed Deposits taken Salary and bonus Loan, guarantee and mortgage Debt collected Interest debts collected	19,631,795 17,862,151 24,908 7,488,525 805,026 13,377	829,312 730,104 13,728 39,958 32,100 592

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties in the current period are as follows:

		Receivables	/(Payables)
Related party	Transactions	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Major shareholders and related parties of major	Term deposits Payment deposits	(420,630) (1,030)	(186,952) (20,974)
shareholders	Treasury deposits Available-for-sale securities Accrual interest from debt available-for-	- 350,000	(46) 350,000
	sale securities	7,940	23,819
Companie in which the Bank has long -term investment	Term deposits Payment deposits Guaranteed deposit for treasury Loans Accrual interest Receivables from transferring properties Rental deposit Advances for capital contrition to HDREAL	(982,000) (103,243) (128) 851,250 233 - - - 6,669	(837,775) (151,002) (23) 342,812 5,474 315,000 20,000 6,669
Member of Board of Directors and Board of Managements and other related parties to these individuals	Demand deposits and demand savings Term savings Loans, guarantee and mortgage Accrual interest	(138,125) (1,987,055) 3,625,043 2,307	(244,074) (97,918) 1,203,234 4,326

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42. CONCENTRATION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS

	Domestic VND million	Overseas VND million	Total VND million
Assets at 30 June 2017 (*)	22 520 220	193,799	22,723,038
Due from and loans to other credit institutions Loans and advances to customers Derivative and financial instruments	22,529,239 96,945,442	-	96,945,442
(Nominal amount)	33,925,293	-	33,925,293
Trading securities and Investment securities	485,658	-	485,658
Liabilities at 30 June 2017			
Due to and borrowings from			05 407 077
other credit institutions	25,107,077	5 1	25,107,077
Customer deposits	115,710,752	-	115,710,752
Financial deriviaties			20 400 516
(Total transaction va,ue amount to contract)	20,469,516	-	20,469,516
Grants, entrusted funds and loans	0.007.067		2,907,267
exposed to risks	2,907,267	-	
Valuable papers issued	11,353,000	19 <u>4</u>	11,353,000
Off-balance-sheet commitments			
at 30 June 2017	46,628,524	-	46,628,524

(*) Not including provision for credit risk

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

43. INFORMATION BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS

Information on income, expenses and assets and liabilities of each segment by geographical area of the Bank and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended as follows:

the six-month period ended as joilows.						T - Lol
	Northern VND million	Central VND million	South VND million	Total submitted VND million	Eliminated VNd million	VND million
	000 027 0	NCT 000	11 895 081	14.874.131	(7.884,442)	6,989,689
Interest and similar income	2,110,320	(618 898)	(9.819.432)	(12,141,601)	7,884,442	(4,257,159)
Interest and similar expenses	(1,100,11)	100010101	010 110 0	0 720 E20		2 732 530
Net interest and similar income	475,055 15 494	181,826 4,152	2,015,643 446,645	466,291		466,291
	490.549	185,978	2,522,294	3,198,821	a	3,198,821
	(158,267)	(84,890)	(1,640,949)	(1,884,106)	•	(1,884,106)
Net operating profit before provision for credit losses	332,282	101,088	881,345 1366 5881	1,314,715 (433 647)	1 1	1,314,715 (433,647)
Provision for credit losses	(54,667) 277,615	(12,332) 88,696	514,757	881,068		881,068
	343,405	167,424	850,450	1,361,279	l	1,361,279
Due to State Bank of Vietnam and other credit institutions	55,839	66,074 0 776 183	28,184,194 60 346 723	28,306,107 96,945,442		28,306,107 96,945,442
Loans to customers	18,812,000	0,120,100	8,127	8,127	,	8,127
Debt purchasing Investment	3,730,234 8,873,142	619,386 859,842	30,061,331 9,449,505	34,410,951 19,182,489	(8,396,884)	34,410,951 10,785,605
	31,875,156	10,438,909	137,900,330	180,214,395	(8,396,884)	171,817,511
LIABILITIES Borrowing from State Bank of Vietnam	112	L	153,045	153,157	ï	153,157
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to customer	14 29,886,156 1,358,038	- 10,000,741 270,446	25,107,063 75,823,855 24,676,907	25,107,077 115,710,752 26,305,391	- - (8,396,884)	25,107,077 115,710,752 17,908,507
	31,244,320	10,271,187	125,760,870	167,276,377	(8,396,884)	158,879,493

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is inherent in the Bank and its subsidiary' activities and is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Bank and its subsidiary' continuing profitability and each individual within the Bank and its subsidiary are accountable for the risk prevention within his or her responsibilities. The Bank and its subsidiary are exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (then being subdivided into trading and non-trading risks). The Bank and its subsidiary are also subject to various operational risks.

The independent risk control process does not include business risks such as changes in the environment, technology and industry. The Bank and its subsidiary' policy is to monitor those business risks through the Bank and its subsidiary' strategic planning process.

(i) Risk management structure

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for identifying and controlling risks. However, each separate member shall be responsible for managing and monitoring risks.

(ii) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for monitoring the overall risk management process within the Bank and its subsidiary.

(iii) Risk Management Committee

Risk Management Committee advises the Board of Directors in the promulgation of procedures and policies under their jurisdiction relating to risk management in the Bank and its subsidiary' activities.

Risk Management Committee analyses and provides warnings on the potential risks that may affect the Bank and its subsidiary' operation and preventive measures in the short term as well as long term.

Risk Management Committee reviews and evaluates the appropriateness and effectiveness of the risk management of procedures and policies of the Bank and its subsidiary to make recommendations to the Board of Directors on the improvement of procedures, policies and operational strategies.

(iv) Board of Supervision

The Board of Supervision has the responsibility to control the overall risk management process within the Bank and its subsidiary.

(v) Internal Audit

According to the annual internal audit plan, business processes throughout the Bank and its subsidiary' are audited annually by the internal audit function, which examines both the adequacy of the procedures and compliance with the Bank and its subsidiary' procedures. Internal Audit discusses the results of all assessments with management, and reports its findings and recommendations to the Board of Supervision.

(vi) Risk measurement and reporting systems

The Bank and its subsidiary' risks are measured using a method which reflects both the expected loss likely to arise in normal circumstances and unexpected losses, which are an estimate of the ultimate actual loss based on statistical models.

Monitoring and controlling of risks is primarily performed based on limits established by the Bank and its subsidiary in compliance with the State Bank of Vietnam's regulations. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Bank and its subsidiary as well as the level of risk that the Bank and its subsidiary are willing to accept.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGMENT (continued)

(vi) Risk measurement and reporting systems (continued)

Information compiled from all business activities is examined and processed in order to analyze, control and early identify risks. This information is presented and explained to the Board of Management, Board of Directors, and the department heads. The report includes aggregate credit exposure, credit metric forecasts, limit exceptions, liquidity ratios and risk profile changes. The Board of Directors assesses the appropriateness of the allowance for credit losses on a quarterly basis. The Board of Directors receives a comprehensive risk report quarterly which is designed to provide all the necessary information to assess and conclude on the risks of the Bank and its subsidiary.

For all levels throughout the Bank and its subsidiary, specifically tailored risk reports are prepared and distributed in order to ensure that all business departments have access to extensive, necessary and up-to-date information.

The Bank and its subsidiaries have actively used collateral to minimize credit risk.

(vii) Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties of the Bank and its subsidiary are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would affect the group of customers' payment obligations or payment receipt rights when due under changes in economic, political or other conditions.

These above concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Bank and its subsidiary's performance to the developments of a particular industry or geographic allocation.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Bank and its subsidiary's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risk are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Bank and its subsidiary in respect of the industries and other related factors.

45. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that the Bank and its subsidiary will incur a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations.

The Bank and its subsidiary manage and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties and for geographical and industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

The Bank and its subsidiary have established a credit quality review process to provide early identification of possible changes in the financial position and creditworthiness of counterparties based on qualitative and quantitative indicators. Counterparty's limits are established by the use of a credit rating system, which assigns each counterparty a risk rating. Risk ratings are subject to regular revision.

The effective interest rates on deposits with the SBV, placements with and loans to other banks, loans and advances to customers in currencies are presented in Notes 7, 8, and 11 21 respectively.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

45. CREDIT RISK (continued)

45.1 Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held or other credit enhancements

The maximum exposures to credit risk relating to each group of financial assets, which are equivalent to their book values on the interim consolidated balance sheet, are listed below:

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	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Credit risk exposures of balance sheet items		
Due from and loans to other credit institutions	22,723,038	18,580,047
Trading securities – Debt securities	400,000	400,000
Loans to customers		
Individuals	47,981,535	36,729,422
Corporates	48,963,907	45,494,950
Derivatives and other financial assets	8,127	8,690
Investment securities		
Debt securities - available-for-sale	6,401,019	5,259,048
Debt securities - held-to-maturity	4,400,751	2,500,000
Credit risk exposures of off-balance sheet items		
Financial guarantees	3,119,052	2,739,865
Letters of credit	1,085,646	1,092,889

This table presents the worst scenario which the Bank and its subsidiary will incur the maximum credit exposures as at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, without taking into account of any collateral held or their credit enhancements.

45.2 Financial assets neither past due nor impaired

The Bank and its subsidiary's financial assets which are neither past due nor impaired comprise loans to customers classified as Group 1 (Current) loans in accordance with Circular No. 02/2013/TT-NHNN and Circular No. 09/2014/TT-NHNN; securities, receivables and other financial assets which are not past due and no provision is required in accordance with Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC and Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC issued at 28 June 2013.

The Bank and its subsidiary see that they have absolutly capacity to fully and timely recover these financial assets in the futures.

45.3 Financial assets past due but not impaired

The age of financial assets past due but not impaired as at 30 June 2017 is presented below:

			Past due		
	Less than 90 days VND million	From 91 to 180 days VND million	From 181 to 360 days VND million	More than 360 days VND million	Total VND million
Loans to customers	511,649	101,815	39,010	122,551	775,025

Loans that are overdue but not discounted are overdue loans but not required to make provisions as the Bank holds all collaterals in the form of counterparty deposits, real estate, movable assets, valuable papers and other types of collateral.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

46. MARKET RISK

46.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the fair values of financial instruments. The Bank and its subsidiary are exposed to interest rate risk as a result of mismatches of maturity dates or dates of interest rate re-pricing in respect of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet instruments over a certain period. The Bank and its subsidiary manage this risk by matching the dates of interest rate re-pricing of assets and liabilities through risk management strategies.

Analysis of assets and liabilities based on interest rate re-pricing date

Re-pricing term of the effective interest rate is the remaining period from the date of the consolidated financial statements to the nearest re-pricing date of interest rate applicable to assets and equity.

The following assumptions and conditions are used in analysis of the re-pricing period of interest rates of the Bank's assets and liabilities:

- Cash and gold; investment in equity securities; long-term investment and other assets (including fixed assets, investment properties and other assets) are classified as noninterest bearing items;
- The re-pricing term of balances with the State Bank of Vietnam is considered as up to 1month;
- The re-pricing term of investment securities and held-for-trading securities is calculated based on the time to maturity from the interim balance sheet date for each type of securities;
- The re-pricing term of placements with other banks and loans to other banks; loans to customers; borrowings from the Government and State Bank of Vietnam; placements from other credit institutions and borrowings from other credit institutions; due to customers are determined as follows:
 - Items which bear fixed interest rate during the contractual term: The re-pricing term is determined based on the time to maturity from the interim balance sheet date.
 - Items which bear floating interest rate: The re-pricing term is determined based on the time to the nearest interest rate re-pricing date from the interim balance sheet date.
- The re-pricing term of valuable papers is determined based on the time to the nearest interest rate re-pricing date from the interim balance sheet date.

The following table presents the interest re-pricing period of the Bank and its subsidiary's assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2017:

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

46. MARKET RISKS (continued)

46.1 Interest rate risk (continued)

				Interest re-pricing period	cing period				
	Overdue VND million	Non-interest bearing VND million	Up to 1 month VND million	1 -3 months VND million	3 -6 months VND million	6 – 12 months VND million	1 – 5 years VND million	Over 5 years VND million	Total VND million
Assets Cash	ı	1,361,279	a	ŗ	Ĩ	ı	ï	t	1,361,279
Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	ı		5,583,069	1	,	I	ì	1	5,583,069
Due from and loans to other credit institutions - gross	ī	- 000 000	21,010,379	1,712,659	13	11	, ,		22,723,038 400,000
Trading securities - gross Loans to customers - gross	2,920,705	400,000	4,938,840	81,538,054	1,144,107	3,452,713 -	2,950,787	236	96,945,442 8,127
Debt purchasing - gross Investment securities - gross	8,127 300,000	- 2,853,692	- 2,467,914	106,981	1,977,248	2,405,640	17,295,527	6,118,291 -	33,525,293 485,658
Long-term investments - gross		485,658 1,288,504	1 1	а т		26,661			1,315,165
Investment properties	- 58 175	58,444 6 465 140	530.259	- 651,241	- 522,609	572,927	548,347	63,348	9,411,996
Other assets - gross	3.286.957	12.912.717	34,530,461	84,008,935	3,643,964	6,457,941	20,794,661	6,181,875	171,817,511
l otal assets									
Liabilities Borrowings from the Government and the SBV	,	•	316	153,157	ĸ		,		153,157
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to customers		121,295	22,406,503 37,948,105	305,509 20,200,751	661,715 21,564,203	1,052,350 28,178,891	681,000 7,696,075	- 1,432	25,107,077 115,710,752
Grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks Valuable papers issued		1.1	4,946 588,000	2,871,168 973,000	- 1,369,000	2,647,000	3,276,000	31,153 2,500,000	2,907,267 11,353,000
Derivatives and other financial liabilities		88,896 952,468	378,917	- 581,029	768,348	664,715	194,001	- 19,866	88,896 3,559,344
Other liabilities - gross Total liabilities		1,162,659	61,326,471	25,084,614	24,363,266	32,542,956	11,847,076	2,552,451	158,879,493
In-balance sheet interest sensitivity gap	3,286,957	11,750,058	(26,796,010)	58,924,321	(20,719,302)	(26,085,015)	8,947,585	3,629,424	12,938,018

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

46. MARKET RISKS (continued)

46.1 Interest rate risk (continued)

At the reporting date, the Bank performed sensitivity analyzes for interest rates for the six-month financial period ended 30 June 2017. Accordingly, if the interest rate increased by 1%, the aftertax profit of The bank will increase VND128,418 million. If the interest rate is reduced by 1%, then the profit after tax of the Bank will decrease by VND128,418 million.

Subsidiaries have not performed a sensitivity analysis for interest rates for the fiscal year ended 30 June 2017 and are in the process of developing and finalizing the asset-liability management model (ALM). Consulted by foreign consultants, including interest rate risk analysis and sensitivity analysis of net interest income through changing market interest rates.

46.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Bank and its subsidiary are incorporated and operating in Vietnam with reporting currency as VND. The major currency of its transaction is also VND, some transactions are denominated in gold, USD, EUR and other foreign currencies. The Bank and its subsidiary have set limits to control the positions of the currencies. Positions are monitored on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions of the currencies are maintained within the established limits.

The exchange rates of key foreign currencies to VND at the reporting date are presented at *Note 50.*

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

46. MARKET RISKS (continued)

46.2 Currency risk (continued)

The following table presents assets and liabilities in foreign currencies translated into VND as at 30 June 2017:

Total VND million	583,746 1,105	8,672,284 13,928 6,845,883	16,161,527	4,006,568 1,879,217	2,903,596 7,329,947 64,084	16,183,412	(21,885)	67,157	45,272
Other currencies equivalent VND million	57,204 -	14,028 13,928 31,153	116,381	- 73,538	31,153 6,273 405	111,369	5,012	(11,510)	(6,498)
Gold equivalent VND million	15,686 -		15,686		232	232	15,454	•	15,454
USD equivalent VND million	405,653 1,105	1,416,139 - 6,814,730	43,780 8,681,407	4,006,568 1,764,930	2,872,443 33,458 53,656	8,731,055	(49,648)	78,667	29,019
EUR equivalent VND million	105,203	7,242,117 -	733 7,348,053	- 40,749	7,290,216 9,791	7,340,756	7,297	•	7,297
	Assets Cash Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	Due from and loans to other credit institutions - gross Derivatives and other financial assets	Other assets - gross Total assets	Liabilities and equity Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to customers	Grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks Derivatives and other financial liabilities	Total liabilities and equity	Foreign exchange position on-balance sheet	Foreign exchange position off-balance sheet	Foreign exchange position on and off- balance sheet

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

46. MARKET RISK (continued)

46.2 Currency risk (continued)

At the reporting date, the Bank performed sensitivity analyzes for the exchange rate for the sixmonth financial period ended 30 June 2017. If the exchange rate increased by 10%, the Bank's after tax profit would increased by VND9,395 million. If the exchange rate falls by 10%, the bank's after tax profit will drop by VND9,395 million.

Subsidiaries have not performed sensitivity analyzes for exchange rates for the fiscal year ended 30 June 2017 due to insufficient database and input conditions.

46.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk which the Bank and its subsidiary have difficulties in meeting the obligations of financial liabilities. Liquidity risk occurs when the Bank and its subsidiary cannot afford to settle debt obligations at the due dates in the normal or stress conditions. To manage the liquidity risk exposure, the Bank and its subsidiary have diversified the mobilization of deposits from various sources in addition to its basic capital resources. In addition, the Bank and its subsidiary have established policy for control of liquidity assets flexibly; monitor the future cash flows and daily liquidity. The Bank and its subsidiary have also evaluated the estimated cash flows and the availability of current collateral assets in case of obtaining more deposits.

The maturity term of assets and liabilities is the remaining period of assets and liabilities as calculated from the interim balance sheet date to the settlement date in accordance with contractual terms and conditions.

The following assumptions and conditions are applied in the analysis of maturity of the Bank and its subsidiary's assets and liabilities:

- Balances with the central banks are classified as demand deposits which include compulsory deposits;
- The maturity term of investment securities is calculated based on the maturity date of each kind of securities; except for the maturity term of investments in Government bonds and bonds issued by the Vietnam Development Bank is considered within one month because of their high liquidity;
- The maturity term of due from and loans to other credit institutions, loans to customers is determined based on the maturity date as stipulated in contracts. The actual maturity term may be altered because loan contracts may be extended;
- The maturity term of long-term investments is considered as more than one year because these investments do not have specific maturity date;
- The maturity term of due to and borrowings from other credit institutions, due to customers are determined based on features of these items or the maturity date as stipulated in contracts. Vostro account and demand deposits are transacted as required by customers, and therefore, classified as current accounts. The maturity term of borrowings and term deposits is determined based on the maturity date in contracts. In practice, these amounts may be rolled over, and therefore, they may last beyond the original maturity date;
- The maturity term of a fixed asset is considered to be over five years as the majority of the Bank and its subsidiary's fixed assets are used for business purposes and are not intended to be transferred so it is possible to convert it into a low amount.

The following table presents assets and liabilities maturity from the Bank and subsidiaries at 30 June 2017.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

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46. MARKET RISK (continued)

46.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

	Total VND million		1,361,279	5,583,069	22,723,038 400.000	96,945,442 8,127	33,525,293 485.658	1,315,165	9,411,996	171,817,511		153,157	25,107,077 115,710,752	2,907,267 11,353,000	88,896 3,559,344	158,879,493	12,938,018
	Above 5 years VND million		·	L		18,356,030	9,548,292 485 658	466,993	484,351	29,399,768		15,216	- 1,432	2,903,596 2,500,000	- 165,384	5,585,628	23,814,140
	1 – 5 years VND million		1			21,808,175	20,084,465	68,407	3,779,789	46,140,836		129,894	681,000 7,696,075	1,691 3,276,000	138,874	11,923,534	34,217,302
Current	3 – 12 months VND million		ī	T	ji ji	38,913,958	1,806,391		2,444,264	43,164,613		7,340	1,714,065 49,743,094	1,980 4,016,000	2,338 1,366,957	56,851,774	(13,687,161)
	1 – 3 months VND million		Ĩ	×	1,712,659	10,007,734			1,802,827	13,523,220		369	305,509 20,200,751	- 973,000	(2,475) 641,084	22,118,238	(8,595,018)
	Up to 1 month		1,361,279	5,583,069	21,010,379	4,938,840	1,786,145	- 779,765	- 842.640	36,302,117		338	22,406,503 38,069,400	- 588,000	89,033 1,247,045	62,400,319	(26,098,202)
				ı		1,372,650	i i			1,372,650		,					1,372,650
	-	VND MIIION	ı	1		- 1,548,055	8,127 300,000	11	- 58 125	1,914,307			т.т. Т			'	1.914.307
Cidmins use (comments		1	Assets Cash	Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	Due from and loans to other credit institutions - gross	Frading securities - gross	Debt purchasing - gross Investment securities - gross	Long-term investments – gross	nvestment properties	Other assets - gross Total assets	Liabilities	Government and the SBV	Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions	Grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks Valuable papers issued	Derivatives and other financial liabilities	Other liabilities	l otal liabilities

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

46. MARKET RISK (continued)

46.4 Market price risk

Except for the assets and liabilities presented above, the Bank and its subsidiary have no other market price risks which have risk level accounting for 5% or more of net profit or the value of assets, liabilities accounting for 5% or more of total assets.

47. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

	30 June 2017 VND million	31 December 2016 VND million
Operating lease commitments	1,071,817	1,192,368
In which: - Due within one year - Due from one to five years - Due after five years	186,554 378,780 506,483	186,656 419,585 586,127

48. SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABLITIES

On 6 November 2009, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC providing guidance for the adoption in Vietnam of the International Financial Reporting Standards on presentation and disclosures of financial instruments ("Circular 210") which is effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

The Circular 210 only provides for the presentation and disclosures of financial instruments; therefore, the concepts of financial assets, financial liabilities and related concepts are applied solely for the supplemental presentation. Assets, liabilities and equity of the Bank and its subsidiary have been recognized and measured in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

48. SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABLITIES (continuted)

Financial assets

Financial assets of the Bank and its subsidiary within the scope of Circular 210 comprise cash and gold, balances with the State Bank of Vietnam, due from and loans to other credit institutions, loans to customers, held-for-trading and investment securities, receivables and other assets under currency derivative contracts.

According to Circular 210, financial assets are classified appropriately, for the purpose of disclosure in the interim consolidated financial statements, into one of the following categories:

A financial asset at fair value through the interim consolidated statement of income

Is a financial asset that meets either of the following conditions:

- a) It is classified as held-for-trading. A financial asset is classied as held for trading. A financial asset is classified as held-for-trading if:
 - ✓ It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
 - There is evidence of recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking;or
 - It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument);
- b) Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the Bank and its subsidiary as at fair value through profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity investments:

are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Bank and its subsidiary have the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity other than:

- Those that the Bank and its subsidiary upon initial recognition designate as at fair value through profit or loss;
- b) Those that the Bank and its subsidiary designate as available for sale; and
- c) Those that meet the definitions of loans and receivables.
- Loans and receivables:

are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market other than:

- a) Those that the Bank and its subsidiary intend to sell immediately or in the near term, which shall be classified as held for trading, and those that the Bank and its subsidiary upon initial recognition designate as at fair value through profit or loss;
- b) Those that the Bank and its subsidiary upon initial recognition designate as available for sale; or
- c) Those for which the holder may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which shall be classified as available for sale.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

48. SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABLITIES (continuted)

Financial assets (continuted)

Available for sale assets:

Are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as:

- Loans and receivables;
- b) Held-to-maturity investments;
- c) Financial assets at fair value through interim consolidated profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Bank and its subsidiaries under the Circular 210 consist of borrowings from the Government and the State Bank of Vietnam, deposits and borrowings from other banks, due to customers, grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks, valuable papers issued by the Bank and its subsidiaries, payables and other liabilities under monetary derivative contracts.

According to Circular 210, financial liabilities are classified appropriately, for the purpose of disclosure in the consolidated financial statements, into one of the following categories:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

is a financial liability that meets either of the following conditions:

- a) It is classified as held for trading. A financial liability is classified as helf for trading if:
 - It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
 - ✓ There is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
 - ✓ It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or designated and effecive hedging instrument).
- b) Upon initial recognition it is designated by the Bank and its subsidiaries as at fair value through interim consolidated profit or loss
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities which are not categorised as at fair value through profit or loss will classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and reported at the net amount in the consolidated balance sheet if, and only if, the Bank and its subsidiaries have an enforceable legal right to offset financial assets against financial liabilities and the Bank and its subsidiaries have intention to settle on a net basis, or the realization of the assets and settlement of liabilities is made simultaneously.

Determine the fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of cash and short term deposits approximate their carring value due to short term maturity of there items.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued) 48.

The carrying amount and fair value of the Bank and its subsidiaries' financial assets and liabilities are presented as at 30 June 2017 as belows:

			Ca	Carrying amount			
	Trading securities VND million	Held to maturity securities VND million	Loan and receivable VND million	Available-for- sale securities VND million	Other assets and liabilities at amortized cost VND million	Total VND million	Fair value VND million
Financial assets Cash, gold and precious stones				1 1	1,361,279 5,583,069	1,361,279 5,583,069	1,361,279 5,583,069
Due from and loans to other credit institutions Trading securities	397,000		2,398,956 -		20,324,082	22,723,038 397,000	CCC
Derivatives and other financial assets Loans and advances to customers		- - 7 806 513	95,875,982 5,489	24.652.963	Γ Ι Ι	90,070,902 5,489 32,459,476	CCC
Purcnased debts Investment securities Long-term investments			- 6,007,314	372,427	1 3	372,427 6,007,314	ÊÊ
Total	397,000	7,806,513	104,287,741	25,025,390	27,268,430	164,785,074	
Financial liabilities Borrowings from the Government and the SBV	ı	,	ï		153,157	153,157	(*)
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to customers		i i			25,107,077 115,710,752 88 806	25,107,077 115,710,752 88 896	£££
Derivetives Grants, entrusted funds and	ı			1 1	2,907,267	2,907,267	C C
loans exposed to risks Valuable papers issued		11,353,000	1 1	1 1	2,752,689	11,353,000 2,752,689	€€
		11,353,000	•	1	146,719,838	158,072,838	
Note that the standards Vistnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions and related regulations of the State Bank of Vietnam have	Catory Viota	mese Accounting	System for Cre	dit Institutions a	nd related regulations of the	e State Bank of	Vietnam have

(*) As Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions and related regulations no specific guidance on the fair value determination, the fair value of these items cannot be determined.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) B05a/TCTD-HN as at 30 June 2017 and for the six-month period ended

49. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the interim balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the interim consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

50. EXCHANGE RATES OF APPLICABLE FOREIGN CURRENCIES AGAINST VIETNAM DONG AT THE END OF THE PERIOD

		30 June 2017 VND	31 December 2016 VND
USD EUR		22,431 25,861	22,159 23,876
GBP CAD		29,410 17,415 16,409	27,803 16,807 15,678
SGD AUD CNY		17,410 3,253	16,372 3,138
JPY Gold SJC (ounce)	7	201,96 36,240,000	194,90 35,800,000
Prepared by: The	Reviewed by:	NGÂN HẠNĐ VÀN NGÂN HẠNĐ VÀN NGÂN HẠNĐ VÀN NGÂN HÀN NHÀN NHÀN NHÀN NHÀN NHÀN NHÀN NHÀ	ed by:
R	MA	* THÀNH PHỐ HỒ CHÍ MINH THÀNH PHỐ	

Ms. Ho Dang Hoang Quyen Chief Accountant Mr. Pham Van Dau Chief Financial Officer Mr. Nguyen Huu Dang General Officer

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Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

4 October 2017

